

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549



FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2024

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 1-2256

**Exxon Mobil Corporation**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New Jersey

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

13-5409005

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

22777 Springwoods Village Parkway, Spring, Texas 77389-1425

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

(972) 940-6000

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of Each Class	Trading Symbol	Name of Each Exchange on Which Registered
Common Stock, without par value	XOM	New York Stock Exchange
0.524% Notes due 2028	XOM28	New York Stock Exchange
0.835% Notes due 2032	XOM32	New York Stock Exchange
1.408% Notes due 2039	XOM39A	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
		Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding as of September 30, 2024
Common stock, without par value	4,395,094,536

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**  
**FORM 10-Q**  
**FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2024**  
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## PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

<i>(millions of dollars, unless noted)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Revenues and other income</b>				
Sales and other operating revenue	87,792	88,570	258,189	253,009
Income from equity affiliates	1,481	1,457	5,067	5,220
Other income	743	733	2,903	2,009
<b>Total revenues and other income</b>	<b>90,016</b>	<b>90,760</b>	<b>266,159</b>	<b>260,238</b>
<b>Costs and other deductions</b>				
Crude oil and product purchases	51,261	53,076	153,061	146,677
Production and manufacturing expenses	9,881	8,696	28,776	26,992
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,296	2,489	7,359	7,328
Depreciation and depletion (includes impairments)	6,258	4,415	16,857	12,901
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	339	338	640	612
Non-service pension and postretirement benefit expense	33	166	90	497
Interest expense	207	169	699	577
Other taxes and duties	6,715	7,712	19,617	22,496
<b>Total costs and other deductions</b>	<b>76,990</b>	<b>77,061</b>	<b>227,099</b>	<b>218,080</b>
<b>Income (loss) before income taxes</b>	<b>13,026</b>	<b>13,699</b>	<b>39,060</b>	<b>42,158</b>
Income tax expense (benefit)	4,055	4,353	11,952	12,816
<b>Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests</b>	<b>8,971</b>	<b>9,346</b>	<b>27,108</b>	<b>29,342</b>
Net income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	361	276	1,038	962
<b>Net income (loss) attributable to ExxonMobil</b>	<b>8,610</b>	<b>9,070</b>	<b>26,070</b>	<b>28,380</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) per common share (dollars)</b>	<b>1.92</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>6.12</b>	<b>6.98</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) per common share - assuming dilution (dollars)</b>	<b>1.92</b>	<b>2.25</b>	<b>6.12</b>	<b>6.98</b>

*The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.*

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests</b>	<b>8,971</b>	<b>9,346</b>	<b>27,108</b>	<b>29,342</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income (net of income taxes)</b>				
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	1,315	(933)	(67)	(246)
Adjustment for foreign exchange translation (gain)/loss included in net income	—	549	—	549
Postretirement benefits reserves adjustment (excluding amortization)	(17)	11	(30)	47
Amortization and settlement of postretirement benefits reserves adjustment included in net periodic benefit costs	16	6	42	19
<b>Total other comprehensive income (loss)</b>	<b>1,314</b>	<b>(367)</b>	<b>(55)</b>	<b>369</b>
<b>Comprehensive income (loss) including noncontrolling interests</b>	<b>10,285</b>	<b>8,979</b>	<b>27,053</b>	<b>29,711</b>
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to noncontrolling interests	447	340	953	1,149
<b>Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to ExxonMobil</b>	<b>9,838</b>	<b>8,639</b>	<b>26,100</b>	<b>28,562</b>

*The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.*

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

<i>(millions of dollars, unless noted)</i>	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	26,926	31,539
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	46	29
Notes and accounts receivable – net	41,505	38,015
Inventories		
Crude oil, products and merchandise	19,183	20,528
Materials and supplies	4,692	4,592
Other current assets	1,997	1,906
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>94,349</b>	<b>96,609</b>
Investments, advances and long-term receivables	48,869	47,630
Property, plant and equipment – net	299,543	214,940
Other assets, including intangibles – net	19,155	17,138
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>461,916</b>	<b>376,317</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Notes and loans payable	5,632	4,090
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	60,518	58,037
Income taxes payable	3,843	3,189
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>69,993</b>	<b>65,316</b>
Long-term debt	36,918	37,483
Postretirement benefits reserves	10,677	10,496
Deferred income tax liabilities	40,281	24,452
Long-term obligations to equity companies	1,637	1,804
Other long-term obligations	26,010	24,228
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>185,516</b>	<b>163,779</b>
Commitments and contingencies (Note 3)		
<b>EQUITY</b>		
Common stock without par value (9,000 million shares authorized, 8,019 million shares issued)	46,936	17,781
Earnings reinvested	467,664	453,927
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(11,959)	(11,989)
Common stock held in treasury (3,624 million shares at September 30, 2024 and 4,048 million shares at December 31, 2023)	(234,049)	(254,917)
<b>ExxonMobil share of equity</b>	<b>268,592</b>	<b>204,802</b>
Noncontrolling interests	7,808	7,736
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>276,400</b>	<b>212,538</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>461,916</b>	<b>376,317</b>

*The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.*

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(millions of dollars)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income (loss) including noncontrolling interests	27,108	29,342
Depreciation and depletion (includes impairments)	16,857	12,901
Changes in operational working capital, excluding cash and debt	(274)	(2,064)
All other items – net	(898)	1,508
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities</b>	<b>42,793</b>	<b>41,687</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(17,469)	(15,691)
Proceeds from asset sales and returns of investments	1,756	3,058
Additional investments and advances	(1,038)	(1,141)
Other investing activities including collection of advances	311	214
Cash acquired from mergers and acquisitions	754	—
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(15,686)</b>	<b>(13,560)</b>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Additions to long-term debt	426	805
Reductions in long-term debt	(1,142)	(11)
Reductions in short-term debt	(3,835)	(222)
Additions/(reductions) in debt with three months or less maturity	(5)	(283)
Contingent consideration payments	(27)	(68)
Cash dividends to ExxonMobil shareholders	(12,333)	(11,102)
Cash dividends to noncontrolling interests	(580)	(511)
Changes in noncontrolling interests	(301)	(258)
Common stock acquired	(13,849)	(13,092)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(31,646)</b>	<b>(24,742)</b>
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	(57)	(77)
<b>Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>(4,596)</b>	<b>3,308</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	31,568	29,665
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<b>26,972</b>	<b>32,973</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES</b>		
Income taxes paid	11,194	11,627
Cash interest paid		
Included in cash flows from operating activities	666	578
Capitalized, included in cash flows from investing activities	929	862
<b>Total cash interest paid</b>	<b>1,595</b>	<b>1,440</b>
Noncash right of use assets recorded in exchange for lease liabilities		
Operating leases	1,556	1,421
Finance leases	66	438

**Non-Cash Transaction:** The Corporation acquired Pioneer Natural Resources in an all-stock transaction on May 3, 2024, having issued 545 million shares of ExxonMobil common stock having a fair value of \$63 billion and assumed debt with a fair value of \$5 billion. See Note 2 for additional information.

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

### ExxonMobil Share of Equity

<i>(millions of dollars, unless noted)</i>	Common Stock	Earnings Reinvested	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Common Stock Held in Treasury	ExxonMobil Share of Equity	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
<b>Balance as of June 30, 2023</b>	<b>16,029</b>	<b>444,731</b>	<b>(12,657)</b>	<b>(249,057)</b>	<b>199,046</b>	<b>7,951</b>	<b>206,997</b>
Amortization of stock-based awards	138	—	—	—	138	—	138
Other	(2)	—	—	—	(2)	59	57
Net income (loss) for the period	—	9,070	—	—	9,070	276	9,346
Dividends - common shares	—	(3,663)	—	—	(3,663)	(218)	(3,881)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	(431)	—	(431)	64	(367)
Share repurchases, at cost	—	—	—	(4,456)	(4,456)	(302)	(4,758)
Dispositions	—	—	—	1	1	—	1
<b>Balance as of September 30, 2023</b>	<b>16,165</b>	<b>450,138</b>	<b>(13,088)</b>	<b>(253,512)</b>	<b>199,703</b>	<b>7,830</b>	<b>207,533</b>
<b>Balance as of June 30, 2024</b>	<b>46,781</b>	<b>463,294</b>	<b>(13,187)</b>	<b>(228,483)</b>	<b>268,405</b>	<b>7,861</b>	<b>276,266</b>
Amortization of stock-based awards	174	—	—	—	174	—	174
Other	(19)	—	—	—	(19)	(42)	(61)
Net income (loss) for the period	—	8,610	—	—	8,610	361	8,971
Dividends - common shares	—	(4,240)	—	—	(4,240)	(183)	(4,423)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	1,228	—	1,228	86	1,314
Share repurchases, at cost	—	—	—	(5,568)	(5,568)	(275)	(5,843)
Dispositions	—	—	—	2	2	—	2
<b>Balance as of September 30, 2024</b>	<b>46,936</b>	<b>467,664</b>	<b>(11,959)</b>	<b>(234,049)</b>	<b>268,592</b>	<b>7,808</b>	<b>276,400</b>

Common Stock Share Activity <i>(millions of shares)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024			Three Months Ended September 30, 2023		
	Issued	Held in Treasury	Outstanding	Issued	Held in Treasury	Outstanding
<b>Balance as of June 30</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(3,576)</b>	<b>4,443</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(4,016)</b>	<b>4,003</b>
Share repurchases, at cost	—	(48)	(48)	—	(40)	(40)
Dispositions	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Balance as of September 30</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(3,624)</b>	<b>4,395</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(4,056)</b>	<b>3,963</b>

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

### ExxonMobil Share of Equity

<i>(millions of dollars, unless noted)</i>	Common Stock	Earnings Reinvested	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Common Stock Held in Treasury	ExxonMobil Share of Equity	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2022</b>	<b>15,752</b>	<b>432,860</b>	<b>(13,270)</b>	<b>(240,293)</b>	<b>195,049</b>	<b>7,424</b>	<b>202,473</b>
Amortization of stock-based awards	426	—	—	—	426	—	426
Other	(13)	—	—	—	(13)	70	57
Net income (loss) for the period	—	28,380	—	—	28,380	962	29,342
Dividends - common shares	—	(11,102)	—	—	(11,102)	(511)	(11,613)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	182	—	182	187	369
Share repurchases, at cost	—	—	—	(13,224)	(13,224)	(302)	(13,526)
Dispositions	—	—	—	5	5	—	5
<b>Balance as of September 30, 2023</b>	<b>16,165</b>	<b>450,138</b>	<b>(13,088)</b>	<b>(253,512)</b>	<b>199,703</b>	<b>7,830</b>	<b>207,533</b>
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2023</b>	<b>17,781</b>	<b>453,927</b>	<b>(11,989)</b>	<b>(254,917)</b>	<b>204,802</b>	<b>7,736</b>	<b>212,538</b>
Amortization of stock-based awards	549	—	—	—	549	—	549
Other	(143)	—	—	—	(143)	(26)	(169)
Net income (loss) for the period	—	26,070	—	—	26,070	1,038	27,108
Dividends - common shares	—	(12,333)	—	—	(12,333)	(580)	(12,913)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	—	—	30	—	30	(85)	(55)
Share repurchases, at cost	—	—	—	(13,856)	(13,856)	(275)	(14,131)
Issued for acquisitions	28,749	—	—	34,603	63,352	—	63,352
Dispositions	—	—	—	121	121	—	121
<b>Balance as of September 30, 2024</b>	<b>46,936</b>	<b>467,664</b>	<b>(11,959)</b>	<b>(234,049)</b>	<b>268,592</b>	<b>7,808</b>	<b>276,400</b>

<i>(millions of shares)</i>	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024			Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023		
	Issued	Held in Treasury	Outstanding	Issued	Held in Treasury	Outstanding
<b>Balance as of December 31</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(4,048)</b>	<b>3,971</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(3,937)</b>	<b>4,082</b>
Share repurchases, at cost	—	(121)	(121)	—	(119)	(119)
Issued for acquisitions	—	545	545	—	—	—
Dispositions	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Balance as of September 30</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(3,624)</b>	<b>4,395</b>	<b>8,019</b>	<b>(4,056)</b>	<b>3,963</b>

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.



## NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 1. Basis of Financial Statement Preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in the context of the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the Corporation's 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of the Corporation, the information furnished herein reflects all known accruals and adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported herein. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature.

The Corporation's exploration and production activities are accounted for under the "successful efforts" method.

### Note 2. Pioneer Natural Resources Merger

On May 3, 2024, the Corporation acquired Pioneer Natural Resources Company ("Pioneer"), an independent oil and gas exploration and production company. The acquisition included over 850 thousand net acres in the Midland Basin of West Texas and proved reserves in excess of 2 billion oil-equivalent barrels. In connection with the acquisition, we issued 545 million shares of ExxonMobil common stock having a fair value of \$63 billion on the acquisition date, and assumed debt with a fair value of \$5 billion.

The transaction was accounted for as a business combination in accordance with ASC 805, which requires that assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their fair values as of the acquisition date. The following table summarizes the provisional fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

<i>(billions of dollars)</i>	<b>Pioneer</b>
Current assets <sup>(1)</sup>	3
Other non-current assets	1
Property, plant & equipment <sup>(2)</sup>	84
<b>Total identifiable assets acquired</b>	<b>88</b>
Current liabilities <sup>(1)</sup>	3
Long-term debt <sup>(3)</sup>	5
Deferred income tax liabilities <sup>(4)</sup>	16
Other non-current liabilities	2
<b>Total liabilities assumed</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Net identifiable assets acquired</b>	<b>62</b>
Goodwill <sup>(5)</sup>	1
<b>Net assets <sup>(6)</sup></b>	<b>63</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Current assets and current liabilities consist primarily of accounts receivable and payable, with their respective fair values approximating historical values given their short-term duration, expectation of insignificant bad debt expense, and our credit rating.

<sup>(2)</sup> Property, plant and equipment was preliminarily valued using the income approach. Significant inputs and assumptions used in the income approach included estimates for commodity prices, future oil and gas production profiles, operating expenses, capital expenditures, and a risk-adjusted discount rate. Collectively, these inputs are Level 3 inputs.

<sup>(3)</sup> Long-term debt was valued using market prices as of the acquisition date, which reflects the use of Level 1 inputs.

<sup>(4)</sup> Deferred income taxes represent the tax effects of differences in the tax basis and acquisition date fair values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

<sup>(5)</sup> Goodwill was allocated to the Upstream segment.

<sup>(6)</sup> Provisional fair value measurements were made for assets acquired and liabilities assumed. Adjustments to those measurements may be made in subsequent periods, up to one year from the date of acquisition, as we continue to evaluate the information necessary to complete the analysis.

## Debt Assumed in the Merger

The following table presents long-term debt assumed at closing:

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Par Value	Fair Value as of May 2, 2024
0.250% Convertible Senior Notes due May 2025 <sup>(1)</sup>	450	1,327
1.125% Senior Notes due January 2026	750	699
5.100% Senior Notes due March 2026	1,100	1,096
7.200% Senior Notes due January 2028	241	252
4.125% Senior Notes due February 2028	138	130
1.900% Senior Notes due August 2030	1,100	914
2.150% Senior Notes due January 2031	1,000	832

<sup>(1)</sup> In June 2024, the Corporation redeemed in full all of the Convertible Senior Notes assumed from Pioneer for an amount consistent with the acquisition date fair value.

## Actual and Pro Forma Impact of Merger

The following table presents revenues and earnings for Pioneer since the acquisition date (May 3, 2024), for the periods presented:

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30, 2024	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024
Sales and other operating revenues	6,291	10,663
Net income (loss) attributable to ExxonMobil	615	1,013

The following table presents unaudited pro forma information for the Corporation as if the merger with Pioneer had occurred at the beginning of January 1, 2023:

<i>Unaudited (millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Sales and other operating revenues	87,792	94,697	266,349	270,122
Net income (loss) attributable to ExxonMobil	8,610	10,049	26,866	30,712

The historical financial information was adjusted to give effect to the pro forma events that were directly attributable to the merger and factually supportable. The unaudited pro forma consolidated results are not necessarily indicative of what the consolidated results of operations actually would have been had the merger been completed on January 1, 2023. In addition, the unaudited pro forma consolidated results reflect pro forma adjustments primarily related to conforming Pioneer's accounting policies to ExxonMobil, additional depreciation expense related to the fair value adjustment of the acquired property, plant and equipment, our capital structure, Pioneer's transaction-related costs, and applicable income tax impacts of the pro forma adjustments.

Our transaction costs to effect the acquisition were immaterial.

### Note 3. Litigation and Other Contingencies

#### Litigation

A variety of claims have been made against ExxonMobil and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries in a number of pending lawsuits. Management has regular litigation reviews, including updates from corporate and outside counsel, to assess the need for accounting recognition or disclosure of these contingencies. The Corporation accrues an undiscounted liability for those contingencies where the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated and no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the minimum of the range is accrued. The Corporation does not record liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. For contingencies where an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible and which are significant, the Corporation discloses the nature of the contingency and, where feasible, an estimate of the possible loss. For purposes of our contingency disclosures, "significant" includes material matters, as well as other matters which management believes should be disclosed.

State and local governments and other entities in various jurisdictions across the United States and its territories have filed a number of legal proceedings against several oil and gas companies, including ExxonMobil, requesting unprecedented legal and equitable relief for various alleged injuries purportedly connected to climate change. These lawsuits assert a variety of novel, untested claims under statutory and common law. Additional such lawsuits may be filed. We believe the legal and factual theories set forth in these proceedings are meritless and represent an inappropriate attempt to use the court system to usurp the proper role of policymakers in addressing the societal challenges of climate change.

Local governments in Louisiana have filed unprecedented legal proceedings against a number of oil and gas companies, including ExxonMobil, requesting compensation for the restoration of coastal marsh erosion in the state. We believe the factual and legal theories set forth in these proceedings are meritless.

While the outcome of any litigation can be unpredictable, we believe the likelihood is remote that the ultimate outcomes of these lawsuits will have a material adverse effect on the Corporation's operations, financial condition, or financial statements taken as a whole. We will continue to defend vigorously against these claims.

#### Other Contingencies

The Corporation and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries were contingently liable at September 30, 2024, for guarantees relating to notes, loans and performance under contracts. Where guarantees for environmental remediation and other similar matters do not include a stated cap, the amounts reflect management's estimate of the maximum potential exposure. Where it is not possible to make a reasonable estimation of the maximum potential amount of future payments, future performance is expected to be either immaterial or have only a remote chance of occurrence.

	September 30, 2024		
(millions of dollars)	Equity Company Obligations <sup>(1)</sup>	Other Third-Party Obligations	Total
<b>Guarantees</b>			
Debt-related	1,092	138	1,230
Other	676	6,158	6,834
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,768</b>	<b>6,296</b>	<b>8,064</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> ExxonMobil share

Additionally, the Corporation and its affiliates have numerous long-term sales and purchase commitments in their various business activities, all of which are expected to be fulfilled with no adverse consequences material to the Corporation's operations or financial condition.

#### Note 4. Other Comprehensive Income Information

ExxonMobil Share of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income <i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Cumulative Foreign Exchange Translation Adjustment	Postretirement Benefits Reserves Adjustment	Total
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2022</b>	<b>(14,591)</b>	<b>1,321</b>	<b>(13,270)</b>
Current period change excluding amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income <sup>(1)</sup>	(241)	44	(197)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	367	12	379
Total change in accumulated other comprehensive income	126	56	182
<b>Balance as of September 30, 2023</b>	<b>(14,465)</b>	<b>1,377</b>	<b>(13,088)</b>
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2023</b>	<b>(13,056)</b>	<b>1,067</b>	<b>(11,989)</b>
Current period change excluding amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income <sup>(1)</sup>	32	(34)	(2)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	—	32	32
Total change in accumulated other comprehensive income	32	(2)	30
<b>Balance as of September 30, 2024</b>	<b>(13,024)</b>	<b>1,065</b>	<b>(11,959)</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Cumulative Foreign Exchange Translation Adjustment includes net investment hedge gain/(loss) net of taxes of \$8 million and \$25 million in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income - Before-tax Income/(Expense) <i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Foreign exchange translation gain/(loss) included in net income (Statement of Income line: Other income)	—	(549)	—	(549)
Amortization and settlement of postretirement benefits reserves adjustment included in net periodic benefit costs (Statement of Income line: Non-service pension and postretirement benefit expense)	(21)	(8)	(55)	(22)

Income Tax (Expense)/Credit For Components of Other Comprehensive Income <i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	90	83	84	216
Postretirement benefits reserves adjustment (excluding amortization)	30	(15)	24	16
Amortization and settlement of postretirement benefits reserves adjustment included in net periodic benefit costs	(5)	(2)	(13)	(3)
<b>Total</b>	<b>115</b>	<b>66</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>229</b>

## Note 5. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per common share	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net income (loss) attributable to ExxonMobil ( <i>millions of dollars</i> )	8,610	9,070	26,070	28,380
Weighted-average number of common shares outstanding ( <i>millions of shares</i> ) <sup>(1)</sup>	4,462	4,025	4,260	4,064
Earnings (loss) per common share ( <i>dollars</i> ) <sup>(2)</sup>	1.92	2.25	6.12	6.98
Dividends paid per common share ( <i>dollars</i> )	0.95	0.91	2.85	2.73

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes restricted shares not vested as well as 545 million shares issued for the Pioneer merger on May 3, 2024.

<sup>(2)</sup> Earnings (loss) per common share and earnings (loss) per common share – assuming dilution are the same in each period shown.

## Note 6. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Components of net benefit cost</b>				
<b>Pension Benefits - U.S.</b>				
Service cost	135	111	365	353
Interest cost	168	169	504	500
Expected return on plan assets	(181)	(133)	(543)	(399)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)	20	21	62	63
Amortization of prior service cost	(7)	(8)	(23)	(22)
Net pension enhancement and curtailment/settlement cost	13	8	30	23
<b>Net benefit cost</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>395</b>	<b>518</b>
<b>Pension Benefits - Non-U.S.</b>				
Service cost	85	81	254	244
Interest cost	203	231	628	697
Expected return on plan assets	(235)	(172)	(726)	(518)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)	25	15	74	43
Amortization of prior service cost	12	13	37	38
<b>Net benefit cost</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>504</b>
<b>Other Postretirement Benefits</b>				
Service cost	22	20	59	60
Interest cost	62	67	187	206
Expected return on plan assets	(5)	(4)	(15)	(11)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)	(26)	(30)	(78)	(91)
Amortization of prior service cost	(16)	(11)	(47)	(32)
<b>Net benefit cost</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>132</b>

## Note 7. Financial Instruments and Derivatives

The estimated fair value of financial instruments and derivatives at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, and the related hierarchy level for the fair value measurement was as follows:

September 30, 2024

(millions of dollars)	Fair Value			Total Gross Assets & Liabilities	Effect of Counterparty Netting	Effect of Collateral Netting	Difference in Carrying Value and Fair Value	Net Carrying Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3					
<b>Assets</b>								
Derivative assets <sup>(1)</sup>	7,925	1,208	—	9,133	(8,118)	(295)	—	720
Advances to/receivables from equity companies <sup>(2),(6)</sup>	—	2,486	4,548	7,034	—	—	388	7,422
Other long-term financial assets <sup>(3)</sup>	1,436	—	1,548	2,984	—	—	212	3,196
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Derivative liabilities <sup>(4)</sup>	7,689	1,247	—	8,936	(8,118)	(59)	—	759
Long-term debt <sup>(5)</sup>	30,386	1,688	—	32,074	—	—	2,691	34,765
Long-term obligations to equity companies <sup>(6)</sup>	—	—	1,700	1,700	—	—	(63)	1,637
Other long-term financial liabilities <sup>(7)</sup>	—	—	539	539	—	—	51	590

December 31, 2023

(millions of dollars)	Fair Value			Total Gross Assets & Liabilities	Effect of Counterparty Netting	Effect of Collateral Netting	Difference in Carrying Value and Fair Value	Net Carrying Value
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3					
<b>Assets</b>								
Derivative assets <sup>(1)</sup>	4,544	1,731	—	6,275	(5,177)	(528)	—	570
Advances to/receivables from equity companies <sup>(2),(6)</sup>	—	2,517	4,491	7,008	—	—	519	7,527
Other long-term financial assets <sup>(3)</sup>	1,389	—	944	2,333	—	—	202	2,535
<b>Liabilities</b>								
Derivative liabilities <sup>(4)</sup>	4,056	1,608	—	5,664	(5,177)	(40)	—	447
Long-term debt <sup>(5)</sup>	30,556	2,004	—	32,560	—	—	3,102	35,662
Long-term obligations to equity companies <sup>(6)</sup>	—	—	1,896	1,896	—	—	(92)	1,804
Other long-term financial liabilities <sup>(7)</sup>	—	—	697	697	—	—	45	742

<sup>(1)</sup> Included in the Balance Sheet lines: Notes and accounts receivable - net and Other assets, including intangibles - net.

<sup>(2)</sup> Included in the Balance Sheet line: Investments, advances and long-term receivables.

<sup>(3)</sup> Included in the Balance Sheet lines: Investments, advances and long-term receivables and Other assets, including intangibles - net.

<sup>(4)</sup> Included in the Balance Sheet lines: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities and Other long-term obligations.

<sup>(5)</sup> Excluding finance lease obligations.

<sup>(6)</sup> Advances to/receivables from equity companies and long-term obligations to equity companies are mainly designated as hierarchy level 3 inputs. The fair value is calculated by discounting the remaining obligations by a rate consistent with the credit quality and industry of the company.

<sup>(7)</sup> Included in the Balance Sheet line: Other long-term obligations. Includes contingent consideration related to a prior year acquisition where fair value is based on expected drilling activities and discount rates.

At September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, the Corporation had \$634 million and \$800 million of collateral under master netting arrangements not offset against the derivatives on the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet, primarily related to initial margin requirements.

The Corporation may use non-derivative financial instruments, such as its foreign currency-denominated debt, as hedges of its net investments in certain foreign subsidiaries. Under this method, the change in the carrying value of the financial instruments due to foreign exchange fluctuations is reported in accumulated other comprehensive income. As of September 30, 2024, the Corporation has designated \$3.4 billion of its Euro-denominated debt and related accrued interest as a net investment hedge of its European business. The net investment hedge is deemed to be perfectly effective.

The Corporation had undrawn short-term committed lines of credit of \$237 million and undrawn long-term committed lines of credit of \$1,613 million as of the end of third quarter 2024.

#### Derivative Instruments

The Corporation's size, strong capital structure, geographic diversity, and the complementary nature of its business segments reduce the Corporation's enterprise-wide risk from changes in commodity prices, currency rates and interest rates. In addition, the Corporation uses commodity-based contracts, including derivatives, to manage commodity price risk and to generate returns from trading. Commodity contracts held for trading purposes are presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income on a net basis in the line "Sales and other operating revenue" and in the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows in "Cash Flows from Operating Activities". The Corporation's commodity derivatives are not accounted for under hedge accounting. At times, the Corporation also enters into currency and interest rate derivatives, none of which are material to the Corporation's financial position as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, or results of operations for the periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

Credit risk associated with the Corporation's derivative position is mitigated by several factors, including the use of derivative clearing exchanges and the quality of and financial limits placed on derivative counterparties. The Corporation maintains a system of controls that includes the authorization, reporting, and monitoring of derivative activity.

The net notional long/(short) position of derivative instruments at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, was as follows:

<i>(millions)</i>	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
Crude oil (barrels)	7	(7)
Petroleum products (barrels)	(49)	(43)
Natural gas (MMBTUs)	(674)	(560)

Realized and unrealized gains/(losses) on derivative instruments that were recognized in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income are included in the following lines on a before-tax basis:

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Sales and other operating revenue	690	(1,049)	(205)	(66)
Crude oil and product purchases	(4)	34	(6)	14
<b>Total</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>(1,015)</b>	<b>(211)</b>	<b>(52)</b>

## Note 8. Disclosures about Segments and Related Information

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Earnings (Loss) After Income Tax</b>				
Upstream				
United States	1,686	1,566	5,170	4,118
Non-U.S.	4,472	4,559	13,722	13,041
Energy Products				
United States	517	1,356	1,803	4,794
Non-U.S.	792	1,086	1,828	4,141
Chemical Products				
United States	367	338	1,397	1,148
Non-U.S.	526	(89)	1,060	300
Specialty Products				
United States	375	326	1,226	1,150
Non-U.S.	419	293	1,080	914
Corporate and Financing	(544)	(365)	(1,216)	(1,226)
<b>Corporate total</b>	<b>8,610</b>	<b>9,070</b>	<b>26,070</b>	<b>28,380</b>
<b>Sales and Other Operating Revenue</b>				
Upstream				
United States	7,111	2,587	16,030	7,030
Non-U.S.	3,575	3,424	10,418	12,550
Energy Products				
United States	25,536	27,251	76,754	78,303
Non-U.S.	40,983	45,295	123,406	124,216
Chemical Products				
United States	2,200	1,924	6,607	5,945
Non-U.S.	3,709	3,557	10,975	10,927
Specialty Products				
United States	1,455	1,503	4,462	4,613
Non-U.S.	3,198	2,998	9,463	9,382
Corporate and Financing	25	31	74	43
<b>Corporate total</b>	<b>87,792</b>	<b>88,570</b>	<b>258,189</b>	<b>253,009</b>
<b>Intersegment Revenue</b>				
Upstream				
United States	6,672	5,091	18,205	15,091
Non-U.S.	10,543	10,532	31,566	28,343
Energy Products				
United States	5,500	6,724	18,595	17,249
Non-U.S.	6,556	7,286	19,703	21,243
Chemical Products				
United States	1,864	2,231	5,679	6,103
Non-U.S.	1,104	976	3,127	2,730
Specialty Products				
United States	545	594	1,834	1,958
Non-U.S.	145	142	460	410
Corporate and Financing	111	39	261	167



### Geographic Sales and Other Operating Revenue

(millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
United States	36,302	33,265	103,853	95,891
Non-U.S.	51,490	55,305	154,336	157,118
<b>Total</b>	<b>87,792</b>	<b>88,570</b>	<b>258,189</b>	<b>253,009</b>

#### Significant Non-U.S. revenue sources include: <sup>(1)</sup>

Canada	7,777	8,314	22,958	21,860
United Kingdom	5,033	5,509	15,229	17,762
Singapore	4,157	3,880	12,159	11,369
France	3,574	4,017	10,559	10,995
Germany	2,465	2,468	7,260	7,016
Australia	2,365	2,448	7,239	7,269

<sup>(1)</sup> Revenue is determined by primary country of operations. Excludes certain sales and other operating revenues in non-U.S. operations where attribution to a specific country is not practicable.

### Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Sales and other operating revenue include both revenue within the scope of ASC 606 and outside the scope of ASC 606. Trade receivables in Notes and accounts receivable – net reported on the Balance Sheet also includes both receivables within the scope of ASC 606 and those outside the scope of ASC 606. Revenue and receivables outside the scope of ASC 606 primarily relate to physically settled commodity contracts accounted for as derivatives. Contractual terms, credit quality, and type of customer are generally similar between those revenues and receivables within the scope of ASC 606 and those outside it.

Sales and other operating revenue (millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenue from contracts with customers	63,594	68,533	186,194	196,159
Revenue outside the scope of ASC 606	24,198	20,037	71,995	56,850
<b>Total</b>	<b>87,792</b>	<b>88,570</b>	<b>258,189</b>	<b>253,009</b>

## **Note 9. Divestment Activities**

Through September 30, 2024, the Corporation realized proceeds of approximately \$1.8 billion and net after-tax earnings of \$0.5 billion from its divestment activities. This included the sale of the Santa Ynez Unit and associated facilities in California, certain conventional and unconventional assets in the United States, as well as other smaller divestments.

In 2023, the Corporation realized proceeds of approximately \$4.1 billion and recognized net after-tax earnings of approximately \$0.6 billion from its divestment activities. This included the sale of the Aera Energy joint venture, Esso Thailand Ltd., the Billings Refinery, certain unconventional assets in the United States, as well as other smaller divestments.

In February 2022, the Corporation signed an agreement with Seplat Energy Offshore Limited for the sale of Mobil Producing Nigeria Unlimited. The agreement is subject to certain conditions precedent and government approvals. In mid-2022, a Nigerian court issued an order to halt transition activities and enter into arbitration with the Nigerian National Petroleum Company. In June 2024, the court order was lifted and arbitration suspended. The closing date and any loss on sale will depend on resolution of the conditions precedent and government approvals.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Overview

During the third quarter, crude prices remained in the middle of the 10-year historical range (2010-2019), though decreased slightly versus the second quarter, reflecting uncertainty in supply and demand balances. Natural gas prices strengthened during the quarter and moved toward the top half of the 10-year range, supported by summer demand in North America and supply concerns in Europe. Industry refining margins declined versus the second quarter, and moved to the low end of the 10-year range, as record global demand was more than met by additional supply. Chemical margins improved slightly compared to the second quarter due to lower North America feed costs, though remained well below the 10-year range, as industry bottom-of-cycle conditions continued driven by oversupply in Asia.

### Recent Mergers and Acquisitions

On May 3, 2024, ExxonMobil acquired Pioneer Natural Resources Company (Pioneer), an independent oil and gas exploration and production company. See "Note 2. Pioneer Natural Resources Merger" of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

### Selected Earnings Factor Definitions

The updated earnings factors introduced in the first quarter 2024 provide additional visibility into drivers of our business results. The company evaluates these factors periodically to determine if any enhancements may provide helpful insights to the market. Listed below are descriptions of the earnings factors:

*Advantaged Volume Growth.* Represents earnings impacts from change in volume/mix from advantaged assets, strategic projects, and high-value products.

- *Advantaged Assets (Advantaged growth projects).* Includes Permian (heritage Permian <sup>(1)</sup> and Pioneer), Guyana, Brazil, and LNG.
- *Strategic Projects.* Includes (i) the following completed projects: Rotterdam Hydrocracker, Corpus Christi Chemical Complex, Baton Rouge Polypropylene, Beaumont Crude Expansion, Baytown Chemical Expansion, Permian Crude Venture, and the 2022 Baytown advanced recycling facility; and (ii) the following projects still to be completed: Fawley Hydrofiner, China Chemical Complex, Singapore Resid Upgrade, Strathcona Renewable Diesel, Proxima<sup>TM</sup> Venture, USGC Reconfiguration, additional advanced recycling projects under evaluation worldwide, and additional projects in plan yet to be publicly announced.
- *High-Value Products.* Includes performance products and lower-emission fuels. Performance products (performance chemicals, performance lubricants) refers to products that provide differentiated performance for multiple applications through enhanced properties versus commodity alternatives and bring significant additional value to customers and end-users. Lower-emission fuels refers to fuels with lower life cycle emissions than conventional transportation fuels for gasoline, diesel and jet transport.

*Base Volume.* Represents all volume/mix factors not included in Advantaged Volume Growth defined above.

*Structural Cost Savings.* Represents after-tax earnings effects of Structural Cost Savings as defined on page 21, including cash operating expenses related to divestments that were previously in the "volume/mix" factor.

*Expenses.* Represents all expenses otherwise not included in other earnings factors.

*Timing Effects.* Represents timing effects that are primarily related to unsettled derivatives (mark-to-market) and other earnings impacts driven by timing differences between the settlement of derivatives and their offsetting physical commodity realizations (due to LIFO inventory accounting).

<sup>(1)</sup> Heritage Permian basin assets exclude assets acquired as part of the acquisition of Pioneer that closed May 3, 2024.

## Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items

Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items (non-GAAP) are earnings (loss) excluding individually significant non-operational events with, typically, an absolute corporate total earnings impact of at least \$250 million in a given quarter. The earnings (loss) impact of an Identified Item for an individual segment in a given quarter may be less than \$250 million when the item impacts several periods or several segments. Earnings (loss) excluding identified items does include non-operational earnings events or impacts that are generally below the \$250 million threshold utilized for Identified Items. Management uses these figures to improve comparability of the underlying business across multiple periods by isolating and removing significant non-operational events from business results. The Corporation believes this view provides investors increased transparency into business results and trends and provides investors with a view of the business as seen through the eyes of management. Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items is not meant to be viewed in isolation or as a substitute for net income (loss) attributable to ExxonMobil as prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

Three Months Ended September 30, 2024 <i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Upstream		Energy Products		Chemical Products		Specialty Products		Corporate and Financing	Total
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.		
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>	<b>1,686</b>	<b>4,472</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>(544)</b>	<b>8,610</b>
<b>Identified Items</b>										
<b>Total Identified Items</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>1,686</b>	<b>4,472</b>	<b>517</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>526</b>	<b>375</b>	<b>419</b>	<b>(544)</b>	<b>8,610</b>

Three Months Ended September 30, 2023 <i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Upstream		Energy Products		Chemical Products		Specialty Products		Corporate and Financing	Total
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.		
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>	<b>1,566</b>	<b>4,559</b>	<b>1,356</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>(89)</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>(365)</b>	<b>9,070</b>
<b>Identified Items</b>										
Tax-related items	—	(14)	—	(33)	—	—	—	—	—	(47)
<b>Total Identified Items</b>	—	<b>(14)</b>	—	<b>(33)</b>	—	—	—	—	—	<b>(47)</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>1,566</b>	<b>4,573</b>	<b>1,356</b>	<b>1,119</b>	<b>338</b>	<b>(89)</b>	<b>326</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>(365)</b>	<b>9,117</b>

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2024 <i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Upstream		Energy Products		Chemical Products		Specialty Products		Corporate and Financing	Total
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.		
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>	<b>5,170</b>	<b>13,722</b>	<b>1,803</b>	<b>1,828</b>	<b>1,397</b>	<b>1,060</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>(1,216)</b>	<b>26,070</b>
<b>Identified Items</b>										
<b>Total Identified Items</b>	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>5,170</b>	<b>13,722</b>	<b>1,803</b>	<b>1,828</b>	<b>1,397</b>	<b>1,060</b>	<b>1,226</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>(1,216)</b>	<b>26,070</b>

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023 <i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Upstream		Energy Products		Chemical Products		Specialty Products		Corporate and Financing	Total
	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.	U.S.	Non-U.S.		
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>	<b>4,118</b>	<b>13,041</b>	<b>4,794</b>	<b>4,141</b>	<b>1,148</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>1,150</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>(1,226)</b>	<b>28,380</b>
<b>Identified Items</b>										
Tax-related items	—	(184)	—	(45)	—	—	—	—	—	(229)
<b>Total Identified Items</b>	—	<b>(184)</b>	—	<b>(45)</b>	—	—	—	—	—	<b>(229)</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>4,118</b>	<b>13,225</b>	<b>4,794</b>	<b>4,186</b>	<b>1,148</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>1,150</b>	<b>914</b>	<b>(1,226)</b>	<b>28,609</b>

References in this discussion to Corporate earnings (loss) mean net income (loss) attributable to ExxonMobil (U.S. GAAP) from the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Income. Unless otherwise indicated, references to earnings (loss); Upstream, Energy Products, Chemical Products, Specialty Products, and Corporate and Financing earnings (loss); and earnings (loss) per share are ExxonMobil's share after excluding amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests.

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals indicated.

## Structural Cost Savings

Structural Cost Savings describes decreases in cash opex excluding energy and production taxes as a result of operational efficiencies, workforce reductions, divestment-related reductions, and other cost-savings measures that are expected to be sustainable compared to 2019 levels. Relative to 2019, estimated cumulative Structural Cost Savings totaled \$11.3 billion, which included an additional \$1.6 billion in the first nine months of 2024. The total change between periods in expenses below will reflect both Structural Cost Savings and other changes in spend, including market factors, such as inflation and foreign exchange impacts, as well as changes in activity levels and costs associated with new operations, mergers and acquisitions, new business venture development, and early-stage projects. Estimates of cumulative annual structural savings may be revised depending on whether cost reductions realized in prior periods are determined to be sustainable compared to 2019 levels. Structural Cost Savings are stewarded internally to support management's oversight of spending over time. This measure is useful for investors to understand the Corporation's efforts to optimize spending through disciplined expense management.

<i>Dollars in billions (unless otherwise noted)</i>	Twelve Months Ended December 31,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2023	2023	2024
<b>Components of Operating Costs</b>				
<b>From ExxonMobil's Consolidated Statement of Income (U.S. GAAP)</b>				
Production and manufacturing expenses	36.8	36.9	27.0	28.8
Selling, general and administrative expenses	11.4	9.9	7.3	7.4
Depreciation and depletion (includes impairments)	19.0	20.6	12.9	16.9
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.6
Non-service pension and postretirement benefit expense	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.1
<b>Subtotal</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>68.9</b>	<b>48.3</b>	<b>53.7</b>
ExxonMobil's share of equity company expenses (non-GAAP)	9.1	10.5	7.4	7.1
<b>Total Adjusted Operating Costs (non-GAAP)</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>55.7</b>	<b>60.8</b>
<b>Total Adjusted Operating Costs (non-GAAP)</b>	<b>78.8</b>	<b>79.4</b>	<b>55.7</b>	<b>60.8</b>
Less:				
Depreciation and depletion (includes impairments)	19.0	20.6	12.9	16.9
Non-service pension and postretirement benefit expense	1.2	0.7	0.5	0.1
Other adjustments (includes equity company depreciation and depletion)	3.6	3.7	2.3	2.5
<b>Total Cash Operating Expenses (Cash Opex) (non-GAAP)</b>	<b>55.0</b>	<b>54.4</b>	<b>40.0</b>	<b>41.3</b>
Energy and production taxes (non-GAAP)	11.0	14.9	11.0	10.3
<b>Total Cash Operating Expenses (Cash Opex) excluding Energy and Production Taxes (non-GAAP)</b>	<b>44.0</b>	<b>39.5</b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>31.0</b>
		<b>Change vs 2019</b>	<b>Change vs 2023</b>	<b>Estimated Cumulative vs 2019</b>
<b>Total Cash Operating Expenses (Cash Opex) excluding Energy and Production Taxes (non-GAAP)</b>		-4.5	+2.0	
Market		+3.6	+0.4	
Activity/Other		+1.6	+3.2	
<b>Structural Cost Savings</b>		<b>-9.7</b>	<b>-1.6</b>	<b>-11.3</b>

*Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals indicated.*

## REVIEW OF THIRD QUARTER 2024 RESULTS

ExxonMobil's third quarter 2024 earnings were \$8.6 billion, compared to \$9.1 billion a year earlier. The decrease in earnings was mainly driven by weaker industry refining margins and higher Upstream depreciation, partially offset by favorable timing effects from derivatives mark-to-market impacts and increased volumes from advantaged Upstream investments in the Permian and Guyana. Capital and exploration expenditures were \$7.2 billion, up \$1.1 billion from third quarter 2023.

Earnings for the first nine months of 2024 were \$26.1 billion, compared to \$28.4 billion a year earlier. Capital and exploration expenditures were \$20.0 billion, up \$1.5 billion from the first nine months of 2023. The Corporation distributed \$12.3 billion in dividends to shareholders and repurchased \$13.8 billion of common stock.

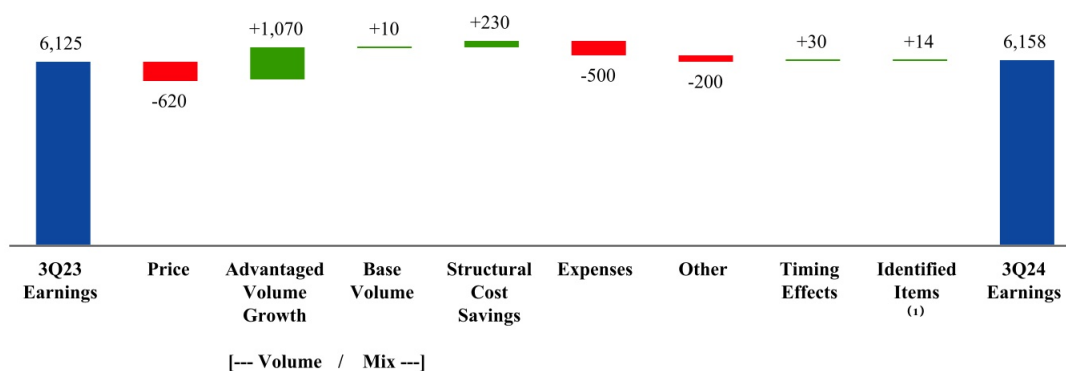
## UPSTREAM

### Upstream Financial Results

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>				
United States	1,686	1,566	5,170	4,118
Non-U.S.	4,472	4,559	13,722	13,041
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,158</b>	<b>6,125</b>	<b>18,892</b>	<b>17,159</b>
<b>Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
United States	—	—	—	—
Non-U.S.	—	(14)	—	(184)
<b>Total</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(14)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(184)</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> (Non-GAAP)</b>				
United States	1,686	1,566	5,170	4,118
Non-U.S.	4,472	4,573	13,722	13,225
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,158</b>	<b>6,139</b>	<b>18,892</b>	<b>17,343</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

**Upstream Third Quarter Earnings Factor Analysis**  
(millions of dollars)



Price – Price impacts decreased earnings by \$620 million, driven by a decrease in liquids realizations, partly offset by an increase in natural gas realizations.

Advantaged Volume Growth – Higher volumes from advantaged assets increased earnings by \$1,070 million, driven by record Permian production, including the Pioneer acquisition and growth in heritage Permian <sup>(2)</sup>, and higher production in Guyana.

Base Volume – Base volumes increased earnings by \$10 million.

Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$230 million.

Expenses – Higher expenses decreased earnings by \$500 million, primarily from depreciation.

Other – All other items decreased earnings by \$200 million, mainly driven by unfavorable tax impacts.

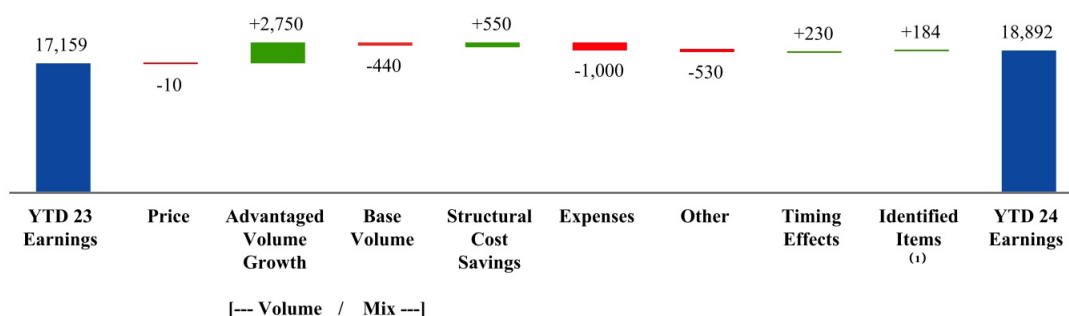
Timing Effects – Less unfavorable timing effects from derivatives mark-to-market impacts increased earnings by \$30 million.

Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> – 3Q 2023 \$(14) million loss driven by additional European taxes.

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

<sup>(2)</sup> Heritage Permian basin assets exclude assets acquired as part of the acquisition of Pioneer that closed May 3, 2024.

**Upstream Year-to-Date Earnings Factor Analysis**  
(millions of dollars)



Price – Price impacts decreased earnings by \$10 million, driven by lower natural gas realizations partially offset by higher liquids realizations.

Advantaged Volume Growth – Higher volumes from advantaged assets increased earnings by \$2,750 million, driven by record Permian production, including the Pioneer acquisition and growth in heritage Permian <sup>(2)</sup>, and record production in Guyana.

Base Volume – Lower base volumes decreased earnings by \$440 million, mainly driven by divestments and government-mandated curtailments.

Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$550 million, driven by operational efficiencies and divestments.

Expenses – Higher expenses decreased earnings by \$1,000 million, primarily from increased depreciation.

Other – All other items, mainly unfavorable tax and forex impacts, and Pioneer-related transaction costs, decreased earnings by \$530 million.

Timing Effects – Less unfavorable timing effects from derivatives mark-to-market impacts increased earnings by \$230 million.

Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> – 2023 \$(184) million loss driven by additional European taxes.

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

<sup>(2)</sup> Heritage Permian basin assets exclude assets acquired as part of the acquisition of Pioneer that closed May 3, 2024.



## Upstream Operational Results

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Net production of crude oil, natural gas liquids, bitumen and synthetic oil</b> <i>(thousands of barrels daily)</i>				
United States	1,444	756	1,174	787
Canada/Other Americas	772	655	770	648
Europe	4	4	4	4
Africa	199	229	213	218
Asia	734	713	719	721
Australia/Oceania	34	40	31	37
<b>Worldwide</b>	<b>3,187</b>	<b>2,397</b>	<b>2,911</b>	<b>2,415</b>
<b>Net natural gas production available for sale</b> <i>(millions of cubic feet daily)</i>				
United States	3,140	2,271	2,762	2,328
Canada/Other Americas	103	94	103	96
Europe	350	368	353	429
Africa	140	129	152	116
Asia	3,347	3,528	3,369	3,491
Australia/Oceania	1,289	1,358	1,254	1,303
<b>Worldwide</b>	<b>8,369</b>	<b>7,748</b>	<b>7,993</b>	<b>7,763</b>
<b>Oil-equivalent production <sup>(1)</sup></b> <i>(thousands of oil-equivalent barrels daily)</i>				
	4,582	3,688	4,243	3,709

<sup>(1)</sup> Natural gas is converted to an oil-equivalent basis at six million cubic feet per one thousand barrels.

## Upstream Additional Information

<i>(thousands of barrels daily)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30	Nine Months Ended September 30
<b>Volumes reconciliation (Oil-equivalent production) <sup>(1)</sup></b>		
<b>2023</b>	<b>3,688</b>	<b>3,709</b>
Entitlements - Net Interest	(20)	(7)
Entitlements - Price / Spend / Other	2	(13)
Government Mandates	14	8
Divestments	(55)	(57)
Growth / Other	952	603
<b>2024</b>	<b>4,582</b>	<b>4,243</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Natural gas is converted to an oil-equivalent basis at six million cubic feet per one thousand barrels.

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals indicated.

<b>3Q 2024 versus 3Q 2023</b>	3Q 2024 production of 4.6 million oil-equivalent barrels per day increased 894 thousand oil-equivalent barrels per day from 3Q 2023, driven by record Permian production, including the Pioneer acquisition and growth in heritage Permian <sup>(2)</sup> , and higher production in Guyana.
<b>YTD 2024 versus YTD 2023</b>	4.2 million oil-equivalent barrels per day in 2024 increased 534 thousand oil-equivalent barrels per day from 2023, driven by record Permian production, including the Pioneer acquisition and growth in heritage Permian <sup>(2)</sup> , and record production in Guyana.

<sup>(2)</sup> Heritage Permian basin assets exclude assets acquired as part of the acquisition of Pioneer that closed May 3, 2024.

Listed below are descriptions of ExxonMobil's volumes reconciliation factors which are provided to facilitate understanding of the terms.

*Entitlements - Net Interest* are changes to ExxonMobil's share of production volumes caused by non-operational changes to volume-determining factors. These factors consist of net interest changes specified in Production Sharing Contracts (PSCs), which typically occur when cumulative investment returns or production volumes achieve defined thresholds, changes in equity upon achieving pay-out in partner investment carry situations, equity redeterminations as specified in venture agreements, or as a result of the termination or expiry of a concession. Once a net interest change has occurred, it typically will not be reversed by subsequent events, such as lower crude oil prices.

*Entitlements - Price, Spend and Other* are changes to ExxonMobil's share of production volumes resulting from temporary changes to non-operational volume-determining factors. These factors include changes in oil and gas prices or spending levels from one period to another. According to the terms of contractual arrangements or government royalty regimes, price or spending variability can increase or decrease royalty burdens and/or volumes attributable to ExxonMobil. For example, at higher prices, fewer barrels are required for ExxonMobil to recover its costs. These effects generally vary from period to period with field spending patterns or market prices for oil and natural gas. Such factors can also include other temporary changes in net interest as dictated by specific provisions in production agreements.

*Government Mandates* are changes to ExxonMobil's sustainable production levels as a result of production limits or sanctions imposed by governments.

*Divestments* are reductions in ExxonMobil's production arising from commercial arrangements to fully or partially reduce equity in a field or asset in exchange for financial or other economic consideration.

*Growth and Other* comprise all other operational and non-operational factors not covered by the above definitions that may affect volumes attributable to ExxonMobil. Such factors include, but are not limited to, production enhancements from project and work program activities, acquisitions including additions from asset exchanges, downtime, market demand, natural field decline, and any fiscal or commercial terms that do not affect entitlements.

## ENERGY PRODUCTS

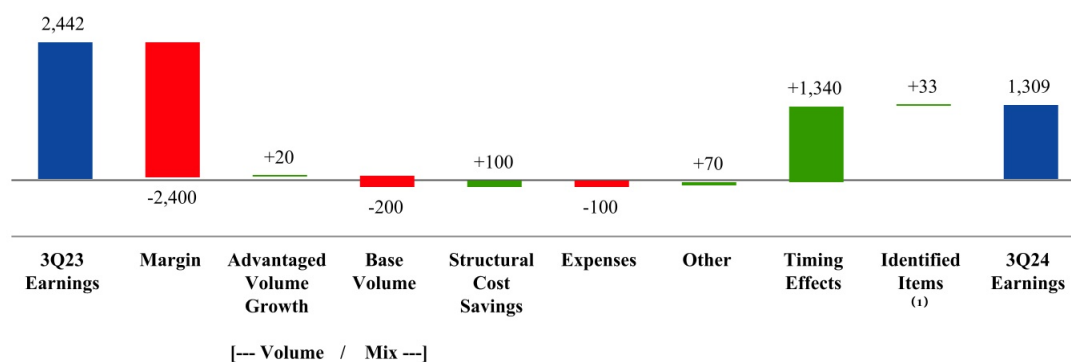
### Energy Products Financial Results

(millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>				
United States	517	1,356	1,803	4,794
Non-U.S.	792	1,086	1,828	4,141
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,309</b>	<b>2,442</b>	<b>3,631</b>	<b>8,935</b>
<b>Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
United States	—	—	—	—
Non-U.S.	—	(33)	—	(45)
<b>Total</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(33)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(45)</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> (Non-GAAP)</b>				
United States	517	1,356	1,803	4,794
Non-U.S.	792	1,119	1,828	4,186
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,309</b>	<b>2,475</b>	<b>3,631</b>	<b>8,980</b>

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals indicated.

### Energy Products Third Quarter Earnings Factor Analysis

(millions of dollars)



Margin – Margins decreased earnings by \$2,400 million, driven by weaker industry refining margins.

Advantaged Volume Growth – Higher volumes from strategic projects increased earnings by \$20 million.

Base Volume – Lower base volumes decreased earnings by \$200 million, driven by divestments and the Joliet refinery weather event.

Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$100 million.

Expenses – Higher expenses decreased earnings by \$100 million.

Other – All other items increased earnings by \$70 million.

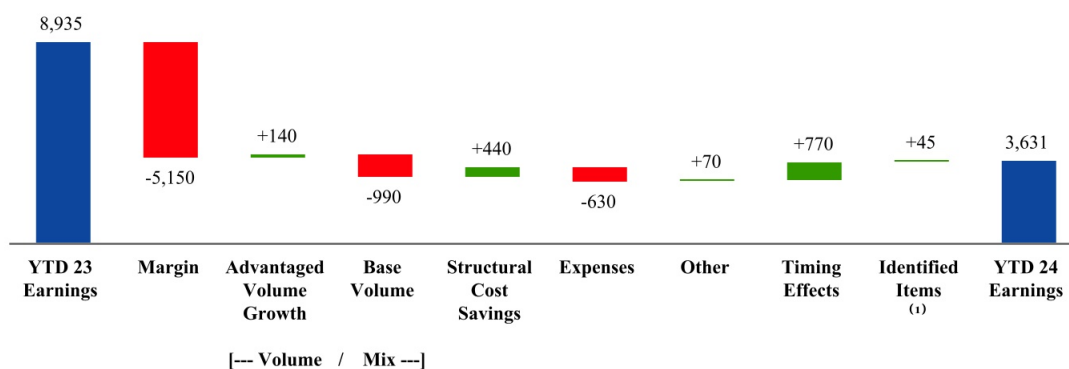
Timing Effects – Favorable timing effects from derivatives mark-to-market impacts increased earnings by \$1,340 million.

Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> – 3Q 2023 \$(33) million loss related to European taxes.

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

## Energy Products Year-to-Date Earnings Factor Analysis

(millions of dollars)



Margins – Margins decreased earnings by \$5,150 million, driven by significantly weaker industry refining margins, down from the historically high levels in 2023.

Advantaged Volume Growth – Higher volumes from the Beaumont refinery expansion increased earnings by \$140 million.

Base Volume – Lower base volumes from divestments and higher scheduled maintenance decreased earnings by \$990 million.

Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$440 million due primarily to divestments and maintenance related efficiencies.

Expenses – Higher expenses decreased earnings by \$630 million, driven by higher planned maintenance activity.

Other – All other items increased earnings by \$70 million.

Timing Effects – Favorable timing effects from derivatives mark-to-market impacts, increased earnings by \$770 million.

Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> – 2023 \$(45) million loss from additional European taxes.

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

## Energy Products Operational Results

<i>(thousands of barrels daily)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Refinery throughput</b>				
United States	1,855	1,868	1,834	1,819
Canada	389	415	395	407
Europe	1,135	1,251	1,026	1,217
Asia Pacific	449	517	432	515
Other	157	164	169	171
<b>Worldwide</b>	<b>3,985</b>	<b>4,215</b>	<b>3,856</b>	<b>4,129</b>
<b>Energy Products sales <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
United States	2,822	2,626	2,680	2,610
Non-U.S.	2,758	2,925	2,699	2,887
<b>Worldwide</b>	<b>5,580</b>	<b>5,551</b>	<b>5,378</b>	<b>5,496</b>
Gasoline, naphthas	2,281	2,316	2,234	2,299
Heating oils, kerosene, diesel	1,796	1,834	1,752	1,815
Aviation fuels	366	358	350	338
Heavy fuels	199	229	198	224
Other energy products	938	814	844	820

<sup>(1)</sup> Data reported net of purchases/sales contracts with the same counterparty.

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals indicated.

## CHEMICAL PRODUCTS

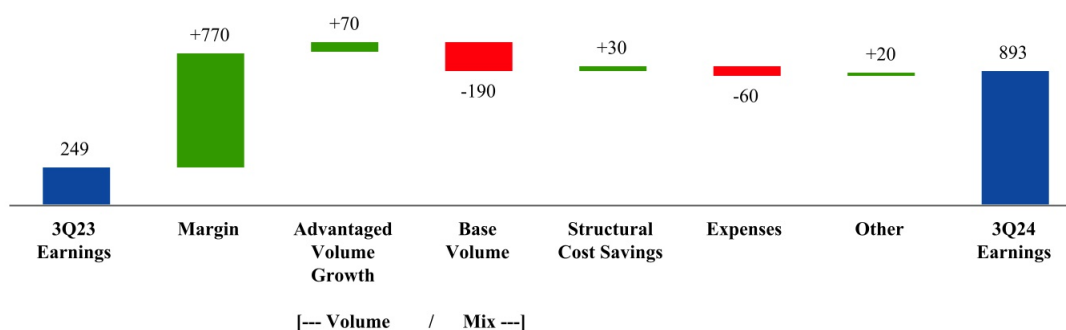
### Chemical Products Financial Results

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>				
United States	367	338	1,397	1,148
Non-U.S.	526	(89)	1,060	300
<b>Total</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>2,457</b>	<b>1,448</b>
<b>Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
United States	—	—	—	—
Non-U.S.	—	—	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>—</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> (Non-GAAP)</b>				
United States	367	338	1,397	1,148
Non-U.S.	526	(89)	1,060	300
<b>Total</b>	<b>893</b>	<b>249</b>	<b>2,457</b>	<b>1,448</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

### Chemical Products Third Quarter Earnings Factor Analysis

*(millions of dollars)*



Margin – Improved margins increased earnings by \$770 million.

Advantaged Volume Growth – High-value product sales growth increased earnings by \$70 million.

Base Volume – Lower base volumes from maintenance and product sales mix decreased earnings by \$190 million.

Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$30 million.

Expenses – Higher project spend and maintenance costs decreased earnings by \$60 million.

Other – All other items increased earnings by \$20 million.

### Chemical Products Year-to-Date Earnings Factor Analysis

(millions of dollars)



Margins – Improved North American feed advantage and higher performance product margins increased earnings by \$930 million.

Advantaged Volume Growth – Growth in high-value product sales increased earnings by \$330 million.

Base Volume – Mix upgrade strategy resulted in less base volumes which decreased earnings by \$120 million.

Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$100 million, primarily from operational efficiencies.

Expenses – Higher spend on planned maintenance and strategic growth projects that start-up in 2025, decreased earnings by \$230 million.

### Chemical Products Operational Results

(thousands of metric tons)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Chemical Products sales <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
United States	1,707	1,750	5,356	5,036
Non-U.S.	3,123	3,358	9,401	9,570
<b>Worldwide</b>	<b>4,830</b>	<b>5,108</b>	<b>14,757</b>	<b>14,606</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Data reported net of purchases/sales contracts with the same counterparty.

## SPECIALTY PRODUCTS

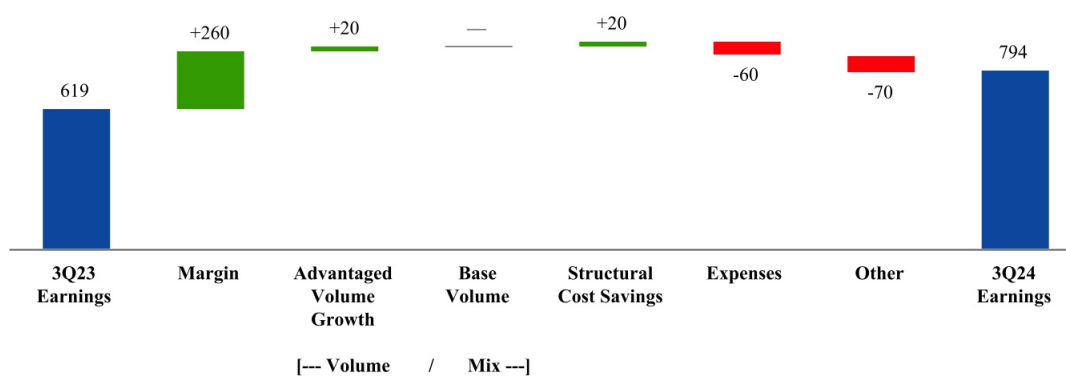
### Specialty Products Financial Results

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Earnings (loss) (U.S. GAAP)</b>				
United States	375	326	1,226	1,150
Non-U.S.	419	293	1,080	914
<b>Total</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>2,306</b>	<b>2,064</b>
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items <sup>(1)</sup> (Non-GAAP)</b>				
United States	375	326	1,226	1,150
Non-U.S.	419	293	1,080	914
<b>Total</b>	<b>794</b>	<b>619</b>	<b>2,306</b>	<b>2,064</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

### Specialty Products Third Quarter Earnings Factor Analysis

*(millions of dollars)*

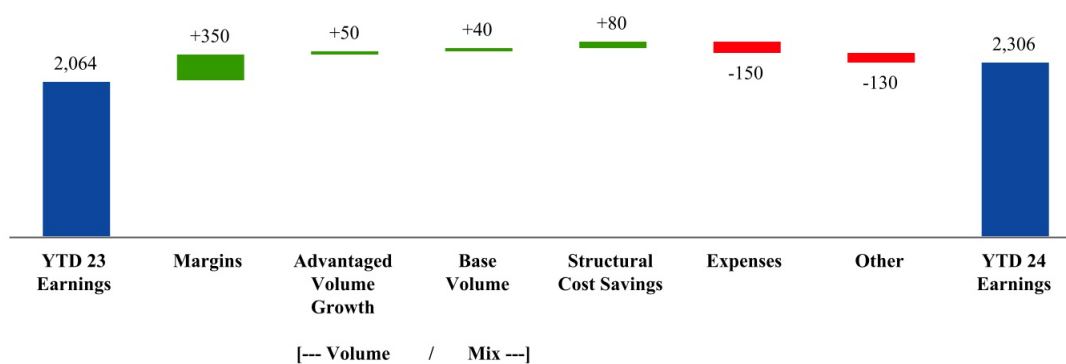


Margin – Stronger basestocks and finished lubes margins increased earnings by \$260 million.  
 Advantaged Volume – High-value products volume growth increased earnings by \$20 million.  
 Base Volume – Base volumes were flat.  
 Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$20 million.  
 Expenses – Higher expenses decreased earnings by \$60 million.  
 Other – All other items decreased earnings by \$70 million.



### Specialty Products Year-to-Date Earnings Factor Analysis

(millions of dollars)



Margins – Stronger finished lubes margins and industry basestocks margins, increased earnings by \$350 million.

Advantaged Volume Growth – Additional high-value product sales increased earnings by \$50 million.

Base Volume – Increased earnings by \$40 million.

Structural Cost Savings – Increased earnings by \$80 million.

Expenses – Higher expenses including marketing activities and new business development, decreased earnings by \$150 million.

Other – All other items, primarily unfavorable foreign exchange impacts, decreased earnings by \$130 million.

### Specialty Products Operational Results

(thousands of metric tons)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Specialty Products sales <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
United States	488	498	1,489	1,489
Non-U.S.	1,471	1,414	4,363	4,268
<b>Worldwide</b>	<b>1,959</b>	<b>1,912</b>	<b>5,852</b>	<b>5,758</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Data reported net of purchases/sales contracts with the same counterparty.

Due to rounding, numbers presented may not add up precisely to the totals indicated.

## CORPORATE AND FINANCING

### Corporate and Financing Financial Results

<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Earnings (loss)</b> (U.S. GAAP)	(544)	(365)	(1,216)	(1,226)
<b>Earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items</b> <sup>(1)</sup> (Non-GAAP)	(544)	(365)	(1,216)	(1,226)

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to page 20 for definition of Identified Items and earnings (loss) excluding Identified Items.

Corporate and Financing expenses were \$544 million for the third quarter of 2024, \$179 million higher than the third quarter of 2023, mainly due to higher financing costs. Corporate and Financing expenses were \$1,216 million for the first nine months of 2024, \$10 million lower than 2023.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

(millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
<b>Net cash provided by/(used in)</b>				
Operating activities			42,793	41,687
Investing activities			(15,686)	(13,560)
Financing activities			(31,646)	(24,742)
Effect of exchange rate changes			(57)	(77)
<b>Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>			<b>(4,596)</b>	<b>3,308</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents (at end of period)</b>			<b>26,972</b>	<b>32,973</b>
<b>Cash flow from operations and asset sales</b>				
<b>Net cash provided by operating activities (U.S. GAAP)</b>	17,569	15,963	42,793	41,687
Proceeds associated with sales of subsidiaries, property, plant & equipment, and sales and returns of investments	127	917	1,756	3,058
<b>Cash flow from operations and asset sales (Non-GAAP)</b>	<b>17,696</b>	<b>16,880</b>	<b>44,549</b>	<b>44,745</b>

*Because of the ongoing nature of our asset management and divestment program, we believe it is useful for investors to consider proceeds associated with asset sales together with cash provided by operating activities when evaluating cash available for investment in the business and financing activities, including shareholder distributions.*

Cash flow from operations and asset sales in the third quarter of 2024 was \$17.7 billion, an increase of \$0.8 billion from the comparable 2023 period primarily due to favorable working capital.

Cash provided by operating activities totaled \$42.8 billion for the first nine months of 2024, \$1.1 billion higher than 2023. Net income including noncontrolling interests was \$27.1 billion, a decrease of \$2.2 billion from the prior year period. The adjustment for the noncash provision of \$16.9 billion for depreciation and depletion was up \$4.0 billion from 2023. Changes in operational working capital were a reduction of \$0.3 billion during the period. All other items net decreased cash flows by \$0.9 billion in 2024 versus a contribution of \$1.5 billion in 2023. See the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for additional details.

Investing activities for the first nine months of 2024 used net cash of \$15.7 billion, an increase of \$2.1 billion compared to the prior year. Spending for additions to property, plant and equipment of \$17.5 billion was \$1.8 billion higher than 2023. Proceeds from asset sales were \$1.8 billion, a decrease of \$1.3 billion compared to the prior year. Net investments and advances decreased \$0.2 billion from \$0.9 billion in 2023. Cash acquired from mergers and acquisitions during the first nine months of 2024 was \$0.8 billion.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$31.6 billion in the first nine months of 2024, including \$13.8 billion for the purchase of 119.8 million shares of ExxonMobil stock, as part of the previously announced buyback program, and \$1.3 billion to repay Pioneer convertible debt. This compares to net cash used in financing activities of \$24.7 billion in the prior year. Total debt at the end of the third quarter of 2024 was \$42.6 billion compared to \$41.6 billion at year-end 2023. The Corporation's debt to total capital ratio was 13.3 percent at the end of the third quarter of 2024 compared to 16.4 percent at year-end 2023. The net debt to capital ratio <sup>(1)</sup> was 5.4 percent at the end of the third quarter, an increase of 0.9 percentage points from year-end 2023. The Corporation's capital allocation priorities are investing in competitively advantaged, high-return projects; maintaining a strong balance sheet; and sharing our success with our shareholders through more consistent share repurchases and a growing dividend. The Corporation distributed a total of \$12.3 billion to shareholders in the first nine months of 2024 through dividends.

The Corporation has access to significant capacity of long-term and short-term liquidity. Internally generated funds are expected to cover the majority of financial requirements, supplemented by long-term and short-term debt. The Corporation had undrawn short-term committed lines of credit of \$0.2 billion and undrawn long-term committed lines of credit of \$1.6 billion as of the end of third quarter 2024.

The Corporation, as part of its ongoing asset management program, continues to evaluate its mix of assets for potential upgrade. Because of the ongoing nature of this program, dispositions will continue to be made from time to time which will result in either gains or losses. Additionally, the Corporation continues to evaluate opportunities to enhance its business portfolio through acquisitions of assets or companies, and enters into such transactions from time to time. Key criteria for evaluating acquisitions include strategic fit, cost synergies, potential for future growth, low cost of supply, and attractive valuations. Acquisitions may be made with cash, shares of the Corporation's common stock, or both.

Litigation and other contingencies are discussed in Note 3 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Net debt is total debt of \$42.6 billion less \$26.9 billion of cash and cash equivalents excluding restricted cash. Net debt to capital ratio is net debt divided by net debt plus total equity of \$276.4 billion. Total debt is the sum of notes and loans payable and long-term debt, as reported in the consolidated balance sheet.

## Contractual Obligations

The Corporation and its affiliates have numerous long-term sales and purchase commitments in their various business activities, all of which are expected to be fulfilled with no adverse consequences material to the Corporation's operations or financial condition. Through the third quarter of 2024, the Corporation entered into two long-term purchase agreements with an estimated total obligation of approximately \$3.0 billion. The Corporation assumed take-or-pay obligations of \$4.9 billion associated with the Pioneer acquisition that include long-term purchase, gathering, processing, and transportation commitments.

## TAXES

(millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Income taxes	4,055	4,353	11,952	12,816
<i>Effective income tax rate</i>	35 %	34 %	35 %	34 %
Total other taxes and duties <sup>(1)</sup>	7,609	8,460	22,300	24,883
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,664</b>	<b>12,813</b>	<b>34,252</b>	<b>37,699</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes "Other taxes and duties" plus taxes that are included in "Production and manufacturing expenses" and "Selling, general and administrative expenses".

Total taxes were \$11.7 billion for the third quarter of 2024, a decrease of \$1.1 billion from 2023. Income tax expense was \$4.1 billion compared to \$4.4 billion in the prior year. The effective income tax rate, which is calculated based on consolidated company income taxes and ExxonMobil's share of equity company income taxes, was 35 percent. This increased from the 34 percent rate in the prior year period due primarily to a change in mix of results in jurisdictions with varying tax rates. Total other taxes and duties decreased by \$0.9 billion to \$7.6 billion.

Total taxes were \$34.3 billion for the first nine months of 2024, a decrease of \$3.4 billion from 2023. Income tax expense decreased by \$0.9 billion to \$12.0 billion reflecting lower commodity prices. The effective income tax rate of 35 percent was up compared to the prior year period due primarily to a change in mix of results in jurisdictions with varying tax rates. Total other taxes and duties decreased by \$2.6 billion to \$22.3 billion.

## CAPITAL AND EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

(millions of dollars)	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Upstream (including exploration expenses)	5,748	4,801	16,077	13,991
Energy Products	581	647	1,660	2,063
Chemical Products	525	371	1,460	1,861
Specialty Products	93	111	263	305
Other	212	92	577	348
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,159</b>	<b>6,022</b>	<b>20,037</b>	<b>18,568</b>

Capital and exploration expenditures in the third quarter of 2024 were \$7.2 billion, up \$1.1 billion from the third quarter of 2023.

Capital and exploration expenditures in the first nine months of 2024 were \$20.0 billion, up \$1.5 billion from the first nine months of 2023. The Corporation anticipates an investment level of approximately \$28 billion in 2024. Actual spending could vary depending on the progress of individual projects and property acquisitions.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements related to future events; projections; descriptions of strategic, operating, and financial plans and objectives; statements of future ambitions and plans; and other statements of future events or conditions, are forward-looking statements. Similarly, discussion of future plans related to carbon capture, transportation and storage, biofuel, hydrogen, ammonia, lithium, direct air capture, and other future low carbon business plans to reduce emissions and emission intensity of ExxonMobil, its affiliates, and third parties, are dependent on future market factors, such as continued technological progress, policy support and timely rule-making and permitting, and represent forward-looking statements.

Actual future results, including financial and operating performance; potential earnings, cash flow, dividends or shareholder returns, including the timing and amounts of share repurchases; total capital expenditures and mix, including allocations of capital to low carbon investments; realization and maintenance of structural cost reductions and efficiency gains, including the ability to offset inflationary pressure; plans to reduce future emissions and emissions intensity, including ambitions to reach Scope 1 and Scope 2 net zero from operated assets by 2050, to reach Scope 1 and 2 net zero in heritage Upstream Permian Basin <sup>(1)</sup> unconventional operated assets by 2030 and in Pioneer assets by 2035, to eliminate routine flaring in-line with World Bank Zero Routine Flaring, and to reach near-zero methane emissions from operated assets and other methane initiatives; meeting ExxonMobil's emission reduction ambitions and plans, divestment and start-up plans, and associated project plans as well as technology advances, including the timing and outcome of projects to capture, transport and store CO<sub>2</sub>, produce hydrogen and ammonia, produce biofuels, produce lithium, create new advanced carbon materials, and use plastic waste as a feedstock for advanced recycling; future debt levels and credit ratings; business and project plans, timing, costs, capacities and profitability; resource recoveries and production rates; and planned Denbury and Pioneer integrated benefits could differ materially due to a number of factors.

These include global or regional changes in the supply and demand for oil, natural gas, petrochemicals, and feedstocks and other market factors, economic conditions, and seasonal fluctuations that impact prices and differentials for our products; changes in law, regulations, taxes, trade sanctions, policies or timely granting of governmental permits and certifications, such as the development or changes in government policies supporting lower carbon and new market investment opportunities such as the U.S. Inflation Reduction Act and the ability for projects to qualify for the financial incentives available thereunder, the punitive European taxes on the oil and gas sector and unequal support for different technological methods of emissions reduction or evolving, ambiguous and unharmonized standards imposed by various jurisdictions related to sustainability and GHG reporting; variable impacts of trading activities on our margins and results each quarter; actions of competitors and commercial counterparties; the outcome of commercial negotiations, including final agreed terms and conditions; the ability to access debt markets on favorable terms or at all; the occurrence, pace, rate of recovery and effects of public health crises, including effects of government responses on people and economies; adoption of regulatory incentives consistent with law, such as the Inflation Reduction Act; reservoir performance, including variability and timing factors applicable to unconventional resources and the success of new unconventional technologies; the level and outcome of exploration projects and decisions to invest in future reserves; timely completion of development and other construction projects; final management approval of future projects and any changes in the scope, terms, costs or assumptions of such projects as approved; the actions of government or other actors against our core business activities and acquisitions, divestitures or financing opportunities; war, civil unrest, attacks against the company or industry, and other geopolitical or security disturbances, including disruption of land or sea transportation routes; expropriations, seizure, or capacity, insurance, shipping or export limitations imposed by governments or laws; changes in market strategy by national oil companies; opportunities for potential acquisitions, investments or divestments and satisfaction of applicable conditions to closing, including timely regulatory approvals; the capture of efficiencies within and between business lines and the ability to maintain near-term cost reductions as ongoing efficiencies; unforeseen technical or operating difficulties and unplanned maintenance; the development and competitiveness of alternative energy and emission reduction technologies; the results of research programs and the ability to bring new technologies to commercial scale on a cost-competitive basis; and other factors discussed under "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of ExxonMobil's 2023 Form 10-K.

Forward-looking and other statements regarding environmental and other sustainability efforts and aspirations are not an indication that these statements are material to investors or require disclosure in our filing with the SEC. In addition, historical, current, and forward-looking environmental and other sustainability-related statements may be based on standards for measuring progress that are still developing, internal controls and processes that continue to evolve, and assumptions that are subject to change in the future, including future rule-making.

Actions needed to advance ExxonMobil's 2030 greenhouse gas emission-reductions plans are incorporated into its medium-term business plans, which are updated annually. The reference case for planning beyond 2030 is based on ExxonMobil's Global Outlook (Outlook) research and publication. The Outlook is reflective of the existing global policy environment and an assumption of increasing policy stringency and technology improvement to 2050. Current trends for policy stringency and development of lower-emission solutions are not yet on a pathway to achieve net-zero by 2050. As such, the Outlook does not project the degree of required future policy and technology advancement and deployment for the world, or ExxonMobil, to meet net zero by 2050. As future policies and technology advancements emerge, they will be incorporated into the Outlook, and ExxonMobil's business plans will be updated accordingly. References to projects or opportunities may not reflect investment decisions made by ExxonMobil or its affiliates. Individual projects or opportunities may advance based on a number of factors, including availability of supportive policy, permitting, technological advancement for cost-effective abatement, insights from the company planning process, and alignment with our partners and other stakeholders. Capital investment guidance in lower-emission investments is based on our corporate plan; however, actual investment levels will be subject to the availability of the opportunity set, public policy support, and focused on returns.

The term "project" as used in this report can refer to a variety of different activities and does not necessarily have the same meaning as in any government payment transparency reports.

<sup>(1)</sup> *Heritage Permian basin assets exclude assets acquired as part of the acquisition of Pioneer that closed May 3, 2024.*

### **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK**

Information about market risks for the nine months ended September 30, 2024, does not differ materially from that discussed under Item 7A of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2023.

The impacts of price fluctuations on 2024 earnings have been revised to reflect the acquisition of Pioneer on an annualized basis. A \$1 per barrel change in the weighted-average realized price of oil would have approximately a \$650 million annual after-tax effect on Upstream consolidated plus equity company earnings, excluding the impact of derivatives. Similarly, a \$0.10 per thousand cubic feet change in the worldwide average gas realization would have approximately a \$155 million annual after-tax effect on Upstream consolidated plus equity company earnings, excluding the impact of derivatives.

Crude oil, natural gas, petroleum product, and chemical prices fluctuate in response to changing market forces. For any given period, the extent of actual benefit or detriment will be dependent on the price movements of individual types of crude oil, results of trading activities, taxes and other government take impacts, price adjustment lags in long-term gas contracts, and crude and gas production volumes. Accordingly, changes in benchmark prices for crude oil and natural gas only provide broad indicators of changes in the earnings experienced in any particular period.

### **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES**

As indicated in the certifications in Exhibit 31 of this report, the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer have evaluated the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2024. Based on that evaluation, these officers have concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Corporation in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to them in a manner that allows for timely decisions regarding required disclosures and are effective in ensuring that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. There were no changes during the Corporation's last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

In the second quarter of 2024, ExxonMobil started the process of integrating Pioneer into its operations and internal control processes, resulting in some of Pioneer's historical internal controls being superseded by ExxonMobil's internal controls. This integration is expected to continue into 2025.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

ExxonMobil has elected to use a \$1 million threshold for disclosing environmental proceedings.

As reported in the Corporation's Form 10-Q for the second quarter of 2024, XTO Energy, Inc. (XTO) received a Notice of Violation from the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on March 9, 2022 regarding certain well pad production facility sites in Butler County, Pennsylvania, alleging violations of certain federal New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) and Pennsylvania's Title V operating permit regulations. In October 2024, XTO entered into a consent decree to resolve these alleged violations upon payment of a \$4.0 million penalty. On October 24, 2024, the Department of Justice (DOJ) filed the consent decree with the United States District Court for the Western District of Pennsylvania, which was published in the Federal Register on October 30, 2024, and will be open to public comment for 30 days before the District Court may approve it.

Refer to the relevant portions of Note 3 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further information on legal proceedings.

### ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

#### Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities for Quarter Ended September 30, 2024

	Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share <sup>(2)</sup>	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Program (Billions of dollars) <sup>(3)</sup>
July 2024	16,452,996	\$115.18	16,452,996	\$29.1
August 2024	16,178,185	\$117.14	16,178,004	\$27.2
September 2024	15,110,603	\$114.02	15,109,901	\$25.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>47,741,784</b>	<b>\$115.45</b>	<b>47,740,901</b>	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes shares withheld from participants in the company's incentive program for personal income taxes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes 1% U.S. excise tax on stock repurchases.

<sup>(3)</sup> In its 2022 Corporate Plan Update released December 8, 2022, the Corporation stated that the company expanded its share repurchase program to up to \$50 billion through 2024, including \$15 billion of repurchases in 2022 and \$17.5 billion in 2023. As stated in the 2023 Corporate Plan Update released December 6, 2023, the pace of the repurchase program increased to \$20 billion annually through 2025 following the Pioneer transaction close, and is expected to total just over \$19 billion in 2024. Purchases were made under terms intended to qualify for exemption under Rules 10b-18 and 10b5-1.

During the third quarter, the Corporation did not issue or sell any unregistered equity securities.

### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

During the three months ended September 30, 2024, none of the Company's directors or officers adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

See Index to Exhibits of this report.



## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>
<a href="#">10(iii)(f.4)</a>	Standing resolution for non-employee director cash fees dated March 1, 2020, as amended effective July 29, 2024.*
<a href="#">31.1</a>	Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Chief Executive Officer.
<a href="#">31.2</a>	Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Chief Financial Officer.
<a href="#">31.3</a>	Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Principal Accounting Officer.
<a href="#">32.1</a>	Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Chief Executive Officer.
<a href="#">32.2</a>	Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Chief Financial Officer.
<a href="#">32.3</a>	Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Principal Accounting Officer.
101	Interactive Data Files (formatted as Inline XBRL).
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

\* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be identified pursuant to Item 15(a)(3) of the most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**

Date: November 4, 2024

By:

\_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ LEN M. FOX

Len M. Fox  
Vice President, Controller and Tax  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

**Certification by Darren W. Woods  
Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)**

I, Darren W. Woods, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ DARREN W. WOODS

\_\_\_\_\_  
Darren W. Woods  
Chief Executive Officer

**Certification by Kathryn A. Mikells  
Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)**

I, Kathryn A. Mikells, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ KATHRYN A. MIKELLS

\_\_\_\_\_  
Kathryn A. Mikells  
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**Certification by Len M. Fox**  
**Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)**

I, Len M. Fox, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ LEN M. FOX

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Len M. Fox  
Vice President, Controller and Tax  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

**Certification of Periodic Financial Report  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Darren W. Woods, the chief executive officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ DARREN W. WOODS

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Darren W. Woods  
Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**Certification of Periodic Financial Report  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Kathryn A. Mikells, the chief financial officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to her knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ KATHRYN A. MIKELLS

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Kathryn A. Mikells  
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**Certification of Periodic Financial Report  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Len M. Fox, the principal accounting officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 4, 2024

/s/ LEN M. FOX

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Len M. Fox  
Vice President, Controller and Tax  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.



**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**  
**BOARD OF DIRECTORS RESOLUTION**  
**REGARDING**  
**NON-EMPLOYEE DIRECTOR COMPENSATION**

July 29, 2024

At a meeting of the Board of Exxon Mobil Corporation, duly called and held at 22777 Springwoods Village Pkwy, Spring, Texas, on July 29, 2024, at which a quorum was present and voting, the following resolution was presented and, on motion made and seconded, duly adopted:

“RESOLVED, that, effective October 1, 2024, each member of the Board of Directors who is not an employee of the Corporation or of any of its affiliated companies (a “non-employee director”) be compensated at the rate of \$110,000 per annum, and that in addition,

a) each non-employee director designated as Chair of the Audit Committee, Chair of the Compensation Committee, Chair of the Environment, Safety and Public Policy Committee, or Chair of the Finance Committee be compensated at the rate of \$20,000 per annum;

b) the non-employee director designated as Lead Director be compensated at the rate of \$50,000 per annum; and

c) non-employee directors receive no additional fees for serving on, or attending regular or special meetings of, the Board or any committee of the Board, or for execution of written consents to action in lieu of meetings of the Board or any such committee, but be reimbursed for reasonable expenses if any; and that the resolutions regarding non-employee director remuneration adopted by the Board of Directors on February 26, 2020 be, and hereby are, revoked.”