UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 28, 2016

Exxon Mobil Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New Jersev (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

1-2256 (Commission File Number)

13-5409005 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

5959 LAS COLINAS BOULEVARD, IRVING, TEXAS 75039-2298 (Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (972) 444-1000

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

[] Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

[] Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

[] Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 2.02	Results of Operations and Financial Condition
Item 7.01	Regulation FD Disclosure

The following information is furnished pursuant to both Item 2.02 and Item 7.01.

The Registrant hereby furnishes the information set forth in its News Release, dated October 28, 2016, announcing third quarter 2016 results, a copy of which is included as Exhibit 99.1, and furnishes the information in the related 3Q16 Investor Relations Data Summary, a copy of which is included as Exhibit 99.2. Material available by hyperlink from the News Release is not deemed to be furnished herewith or included in this filing.

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SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

Date: October 28, 2016

By:

/s/ DAVID S. ROSENTHAL

David S. Rosenthal Vice President and Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)

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INDEX TO EXHIBITS

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	Description
99.1	Exxon Mobil Corporation News Release, dated October 28, 2016, announcing third quarter 2016 results.
99.2	3Q16 Investor Relations Data Summary.

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News Release



Exxon Mobil Corporation

5959 Las Colinas Boulevard Irving, TX 75039 972 444 1107 Telephone 972 444 1138 Facsimile

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 2016

ExxonMobil Earns \$2.7 Billion in Third Quarter of 2016

- · Cash generation supported by integrated portfolio
- Continued focus on business fundamentals and strategic investments
- · Chemical and Downstream results reflect diverse product portfolio, integrated manufacturing sites

	Third Quarter			Nine Me	<u>s</u>		
Earnings Summary (Dollars in millions, except per share data)	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u> </u>	
Earnings Earnings Per Common Share	2,650	4,240	-38	6,160	13,370	-54	
Assuming Dilution	0.63	1.01	-38	1.47	3.18	-54	
Capital and Exploration Expenditures	4,190	7,670	-45	14,475	23,635	-3(

IRVING, Texas – October 28, 2016 – Exxon Mobil Corporation today announced estimated third quarter 2016 earnings of \$2.7 billion, or \$0.63 pc diluted share, compared with \$4.2 billion a year earlier. Results reflect lower refining margins and commodity prices.

"ExxonMobil's integrated business continues to deliver solid results," said Rex W. Tillerson, chairman and chief executive officer. "While the operating environment remains challenging, the company continues to focus on capturing efficiencies, advancing strategic investments, an creating long-term shareholder value."

During the quarter, Upstream earnings were \$620 million. Volumes for the quarter declined 3 percent to 3.8 million oil-equivalent barrels per da compared with a year ago, due to unplanned downtime, primarily in Nigeria, and field decline partially offset by increased production from recer project start-ups.

Third quarter Chemical earnings of \$1.2 billion, comparable with prior year results, reflect higher maintenance costs, partially offset by increase specialty product sales. Downstream earnings declined to \$1.2 billion primarily due to weaker refining margins.

During the quarter, capital and exploration expenses were reduced by 45 percent to \$4.2 billion.

The corporation distributed \$3.1 billion in dividends to shareholders in the third quarter.

Third Quarter 2016 Highlights

- Earnings of \$2.7 billion decreased \$1.6 billion, or 38 percent, from the third quarter of 2015.
- Earnings per share assuming dilution were \$0.63.
- · Cash flow from operations and asset sales was \$6.3 billion, including proceeds associated with asset sales of \$1 billion.
- Capital and exploration expenditures were \$4.2 billion, down 45 percent from the third quarter of 2015.
- Oil-equivalent production was 3.8 million oil-equivalent barrels per day, with liquids down 5.1 percent and natural gas up 0.8 percent.
- The corporation distributed \$3.1 billion in dividends to shareholders.
- Dividends per share of \$0.75 increased 2.7 percent compared with the third quarter of 2015.
- ExxonMobil and InterOil Corporation announced an agreed transaction worth more than \$2.5 billion, under which ExxonMobil will
 acquire all of the outstanding shares of InterOil. The acquisition will give ExxonMobil access to InterOil's resource base, which includes
 interests in six licenses in Papua New Guinea covering about four million acres. The transaction is pending the outcome of a
 shareholder appeal of the court decision approving the transaction.
- ExxonMobil Kazakhstan Ventures Inc., a 25 percent shareholder in Tengizchevroil LLP, has approved the final investment decision for the Future Growth and Wellhead Pressure Management Project as part of the next expansion phase of the Tengiz oil field.
- In Guyana, the Liza-3 appraisal well was successfully completed in October, confirming a world-class resource discovery in excess of 1 billion oil-equivalent barrels. Also in October, the Owowo-3 exploration well, located offshore Nigeria, confirmed a discovery of 500 million to 1 billion barrels of oil.
- ExxonMobil announced plans to increase production of ultra-low sulfur fuels at the Beaumont, Texas, refinery by approximately 40,000 barrels per day. The new unit will use proprietary technology to remove sulfur while minimizing octane loss, and will ensure gasoline meets the latest environmental standards.
- The company announced plans to expand its specialty elastomers plant in Newport, Wales. The project is expected to be completed in late 2017 and will result in a 25 percent increase in global capacity to manufacture Santoprene thermoplastic vulcanizate, highperformance elastomers used for automotive, industrial and consumer applications.
- ExxonMobil and Saudi Basic Industries Corporation (SABIC) are considering the potential development of a jointly owned
 petrochemical complex on the U.S. Gulf Coast. The project would include a steam cracker and derivative units, and would be located in
 Texas or Louisiana near natural gas feedstock. A final investment decision will be made upon completion of necessary studies.
- During the quarter, the company announced new developments in its relationships with the Georgia Institute of Technology, Princeton University and the University of Texas at Austin to pursue technologies to help meet growing energy demand while reducing environmental impacts and the risk of climate change.

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Third Quarter 2016 vs. Third Quarter 2015

Upstream earnings were \$620 million in the third quarter of 2016, down \$738 million from the third quarter of 2015. Lower liquids and ga realizations decreased earnings by \$880 million, while volume and mix effects increased earnings by \$80 million. All other items, including lowe expenses partly offset by unfavorable foreign exchange effects, increased earnings by \$60 million.

On an oil-equivalent basis, production was down compared with the third quarter of 2015. Liquids production totaled 2.2 million barrels per day down 120,000 barrels per day. Higher downtime, mainly in Nigeria, and field decline were partly offset by project start-ups. Natural gas productio was 9.6 billion cubic feet per day, up 77 million cubic feet per day from 2015 as project start-ups more than offset field decline and divestmer impacts.

U.S. Upstream earnings declined \$35 million from the third quarter of 2015 to a loss of \$477 million in the third quarter of 2016. Non-U.S. Upstream earnings were \$1.1 billion, down \$703 million from the prior year.

Downstream earnings were \$1.2 billion, down \$804 million from the third quarter of 2015. Weaker margins, mainly in refining, decreased earning by \$1.6 billion while favorable volume and mix effects increased earnings by \$170 million. All other items increased earnings by \$580 millior including lower maintenance expenses and gains from divestments in Canada. Petroleum product sales of 5.6 million barrels per day wer 203,000 barrels per day lower than the prior year mainly due to divestment of the Torrance, California, and Chalmette, Louisiana, refineries.

Earnings from the U.S. Downstream were \$225 million, down \$262 million from the third quarter of 2015. Non-U.S. Downstream earnings (\$1 billion were \$542 million lower than prior year.

Chemical earnings of \$1.2 billion were \$56 million lower than the third quarter of 2015. Margins decreased earnings by \$10 million. Volume and mi effects increased earnings by \$20 million. All other items decreased earnings by \$70 million due primarily to higher maintenance expenses. Thir quarter prime product sales of 6.1 million metric tons were 51,000 metric tons higher than the prior year's third quarter.

U.S. Chemical earnings of \$434 million were \$92 million lower than the third quarter of 2015. Non-U.S. Chemical earnings of \$737 million wer \$36 million higher than prior year.

Corporate and financing expenses were \$370 million for the third quarter of 2016, compared to \$378 million in the third quarter of 2015.

First Nine Months 2016 Highlights

- Earnings of \$6.2 billion decreased 54 percent from \$13.4 billion in 2015.
- Earnings per share assuming dilution were \$1.47.
- Cash flow from operations and asset sales was \$16.9 billion, including proceeds associated with asset sales of \$2.2 billion.
- Capital and exploration expenditures were \$14.5 billion, down 39 percent from 2015.

- Oil-equivalent production was essentially unchanged at 4 million oil-equivalent barrels per day, with liquids up 2.6 percent and natural gas down 4.4 percent.
- The corporation distributed \$9.3 billion in dividends to shareholders.

First Nine Months 2016 vs. First Nine Months 2015

Upstream earnings were \$838 million, down \$5.4 billion from the first nine months of 2015. Lower realizations decreased earnings by \$5.8 billior Favorable volume and mix effects increased earnings by \$130 million. All other items increased earnings by \$260 million, primarily due to lowe expenses partly offset by the absence of asset management gains.

On an oil-equivalent basis, production of 4 million barrels per day was essentially flat compared to the same period in 2015. Liquids production (2.4 million barrels per day increased 59,000 barrels per day, with project start-ups partly offset by field decline, the Canadian wildfires, an downtime mainly in Nigeria. Natural gas production of 10 billion cubic feet per day decreased 458 million cubic feet per day from 2015 as regulator restrictions in the Netherlands, field decline and divestment impacts were partly offset by project start-ups.

U.S. Upstream earnings declined \$1.3 billion from 2015 to a loss of \$1.8 billion in 2016. Earnings outside the U.S. were \$2.7 billion, dow \$4.1 billion from the prior year.

Downstream earnings of \$3 billion decreased \$2.2 billion from 2015. Weaker refining margins decreased earnings by \$3.3 billion, while volume an mix effects increased earnings by \$330 million. All other items increased earnings by \$680 million, mainly reflecting lower maintenance expense and gains from divestments. Petroleum product sales of 5.5 million barrels per day were 306,000 barrels per day lower than 2015 mainly due t divestment of the Torrance and Chalmette refineries.

U.S. Downstream earnings were \$824 million, a decrease of \$642 million from 2015. Non-U.S. Downstream earnings were \$2.1 billion, dow \$1.6 billion from the prior year.

Chemical earnings of \$3.7 billion increased \$288 million from 2015. Stronger margins increased earnings by \$440 million. Favorable volume an mix effects increased earnings by \$130 million. All other items decreased earnings by \$280 million, including the absence of asset managemer gains in the U.S. partly offset by lower expenses. Prime product sales of 18.6 million metric tons were up 387,000 metric tons from 2015.

U.S. Chemical earnings were \$1.5 billion, down \$342 million from the first nine months of 2015 reflecting the absence of asset management gain: Non-U.S. Chemical earnings of \$2.2 billion were \$630 million higher than prior year.

Corporate and financing expenses were \$1.4 billion in 2016, compared to \$1.5 billion in 2015.

During the first nine months of 2016, Exxon Mobil Corporation purchased 9 million shares of its common stock for the treasury at a gross cost (\$727 million. These shares were acquired to offset dilution in conjunction with the company's benefit plans and programs. The corporation w continue to acquire shares to offset dilution in conjunction with its benefit plans and programs, but does not currently plan on making purchases t reduce shares outstanding.

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Forward-looking Statements

As disclosed in ExxonMobil's 2015 Form 10-K, low crude oil and natural gas prices can impact the corporation's reserves as reported unde Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules. Average year-to-date crude prices have been significantly affected by the very low price experienced during the first quarter of 2016, but have recovered considerably since that time. If the average prices seen during the first nin months of 2016 persist for the remainder of the year, under the SEC definition of proved reserves, certain quantities of oil, such as thos associated with the Kearl oil sands operations in Canada, will not qualify as proved reserves at year-end 2016. In addition, if these average price persist, the projected end-of-field-life for estimating reserves will accelerate for certain liquids and natural gas operations in North America, resultin in a reduction of proved reserves at year-end 2016. Quantities that could be required to be de-booked as proved reserves on an SEC basi amount to approximately 3.6 billion barrels of bitumen at Kearl, and about 1 billion oil-equivalent barrels in other North America operations. Amonthe factors that would result in these reserves being re-booked as proved reserves at some point in the future are a recovery in average pric levels, a further decline in costs, and / or operating efficiencies. Under the terms of certain contractual arrangements or government royalt regimes, lower prices can also increase proved reserves attributable to ExxonMobil. We do not expect the de-booking of reported proved reserve under SEC definitions to affect the operation of the underlying projects or to alter our outlook for future production volumes.

In light of continued weakness in the upstream industry environment during 2016, and as part of its annual planning and budgeting process whic is currently in progress, the corporation will perform an assessment of its major long-lived assets, similar to the exercise undertaken in late 2018 including North America natural gas assets and certain other assets across the remainder of its operations. The assessment will reflect crude an natural gas price outlooks consistent with those that management uses to evaluate investment opportunities and generally consistent with the long term price forecasts published by third-party industry and government experts. Development of future undiscounted cash flow estimates require significant management judgment, particularly in cases where an asset's life is expected to extend decades into the future. An asset group woul be impaired if its estimated undiscounted cash flows were less than the asset's carrying value, and impairment would be measured by the amour by which the carrying value exceeds fair value. The corporation will complete its asset recoverability assessment and analyze the conclusions of that assessment in connection with the preparation and review of the corporation's year-end financial statements for inclusion in its 2016 Forr 10-K. Until these activities are complete, it is not practicable to reasonably estimate the existence or range of potential future impairments related t the corporation's long-lived assets.

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ExxonMobil will discuss financial and operating results and other matters during a webcast at 8:30 a.m. Central Time o October 28, 2016. To listen to the event or access an archived replay, please visit www.exxonmobil.com.

Cautionary Statement

Statements relating to future plans, projections, events or conditions are forward-looking statements. Actual financial and operating results including project plans, costs, timing, and capacities; capital and exploration expenditures; asset carrying values; reported reserves; resourc recoveries; and share purchase levels, could differ materially due to factors including: changes in oil or gas prices or other market or economic conditions affecting the oil and gas industry, including the scope and duration of economic recessions; the outcome of exploration and developmer efforts; changes in law or government regulation, including tax and environmental requirements; the impact of fiscal and commercial terms changes in technical or operating conditions; and other factors discussed under the heading "Factors Affecting Future Results" in the "Investors section of our website and in Item 1A of ExxonMobil's 2015 Form 10-K. Closing of pending acquisitions is also subject to satisfaction of th conditions precedent provided in the applicable agreement. We assume no duty to update these statements as of any future date.

Frequently Used Terms

This press release includes cash flow from operations and asset sales, which is a non-GAAP financial measure. Because of the regular nature c our asset management and divestment program, we believe it is useful for investors to consider proceeds associated with the sales of subsidiaries property, plant and equipment, and sales and returns of investments together with cash provided by operating activities when evaluating cas available for investment in the business and financing activities. A reconciliation to net cash provided by operating activities is shown in Attachmen II. References to quantities of oil or natural gas may include amounts that we believe will ultimately be produced, but that are not yet classified a "proved reserves" under SEC definitions. Further information on ExxonMobil's frequently used financial and operating measures and other term including "prime product sales" is contained under the heading "Frequently Used Terms" available through the "Investors" section of our website ϵ exxonmobil.com.

Reference to Earnings

References to corporate earnings mean net income attributable to ExxonMobil (U.S. GAAP) from the consolidated income statement. Unles otherwise indicated, references to earnings, Upstream, Downstream, Chemical and Corporate and Financing segment earnings, and earnings pe share are ExxonMobil's share after excluding amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests.

The term "project" as used in this release can refer to a variety of different activities and does not necessarily have the same meaning as in an government payment transparency reports. Santoprene is a registered trademark of Exxon Mobil Corporation.

Exxon Mobil Corporation has numerous affiliates, many with names that include ExxonMobil, Exxon, Mobil, Esso, and XTO. For convenience an simplicity, those terms and terms such as Corporation, company, our, we, and its are sometimes used as abbreviated references to specifi affiliates or affiliate groups. Similarly, ExxonMobil has business relationships with thousands of customers, suppliers, governments, and others. Fc convenience and simplicity, words such as venture, joint venture, partnership, co-venturer, and partner are used to indicate business and othe relationships involving common activities and interests, and those words may not indicate precise legal relationships.



Attachment

Exxon Mobil Corporation Third Quarter 2016

(millions of dollars, unless noted) Third Ωuarter

(millions of dollars, un	less noted)			
	Third C	Quarter	Nine N	<u>Months</u>
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Earnings / Earnings Per Share				
Total revenues and other income	58,677	67,344	165,078	209,075
Total costs and other deductions	55,451	61,595	157,726	189,737
Income before income taxes	3,226	5,749	7,352	19,338
Income taxes	337	1,365	1,001	5,617
Net income including noncontrolling interests	2,889	4,384	6,351	13,721
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	239	144	191	351
Net income attributable to ExxonMobil (U.S. GAAP)	2,650	4,240	6,160	13,370
Earnings per common share (dollars)	0.63	1.01	1.47	3.18
Earnings per common share				
- assuming dilution (dollars)	0.63	1.01	1.47	3.18
Other Financial Data				
Dividends on common stock				
Total	3,133	3,060	9,320	9,036
Per common share (dollars)	0.75	0.73	2.23	2.15
Millions of common shares outstanding				
At September 30			4,147	4,163
Average - assuming dilution	4,178	4,190	4,178	4,201
ExxonMobil share of equity at September 30			170,597	170,723
ExxonMobil share of capital employed at September 30			218,993	207,303
Income taxes	337	1,365	1,001	5,617
Sales-based taxes	5,437	5,813	15,687	17,308
All other taxes	7,054	7,585	21,076	22,454
Total taxes	12,828	14,763	37,764	45,379
ExxonMobil share of income taxes of				o (o-
equity companies	391	686	1,256	2,402

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Exxon Mobil Corporation Third Quarter 2016 (millions of dollars)

2016 (477) 1,097 225 1,004 434	2015 (442) 1,800 487 1,546	<u>2016</u> (1,823) 2,661 824 2,136	<u>2015</u> (541) 6,785 1,466 3,740
1,097 225 1,004	1,800 [°] 487	2,661 824	6,785 1,466
1,097 225 1,004	1,800 [°] 487	2,661 824	6,785 1,466
1,097 225 1,004	1,800 [°] 487	2,661 824	6,785 1,466
225 1,004	487	824	1,466
1,004			,
1,004			,
·	1,546	2,136	3 740
424			0,140
424			
434	526	1,524	1,866
737	701	2,219	1,589
(370)	(378)	(1,381)	(1,535)
2,650	4,240	6,160	13,370
5.3	9.2	14.7	26.0
1.0	0.5	2.2	1.6
6.3	9.7	16.9	27.6
	5.3 1.0	5.3 9.2 1.0 0.5	5.3 9.2 14.7 1.0 0.5 2.2

Exxon Mobil Corporation Third Quarter 2016

	Third Q	<u>uarter</u>	Nine M	<u>lonths</u>
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net production of crude oil, natural gas				
liquids, bitumen and synthetic oil,				
thousand barrels per day (kbd)				
United States	484	468	493	470
Canada / South America	437	425	424	386
Europe	189	197	203	198
Africa	388	531	482	524
Asia	651	651	700	671
Australia / Oceania	62	59	57	51
Worldwide	2,211	2,331	2,359	2,300
Natural gas production available for sale,				
million cubic feet per day (mcfd)				
United States	3,058	3,094	3,105	3,155
Canada / South America	220	229	244	267
Europe	1,650	1,495	2,057	2,213
Africa	13	7	7	6
Asia	3,662	3,910	3,758	4,151
Australia / Oceania	998	789	856	693
Worldwide	9,601	9,524	10,027	10,485
Oil-equivalent production (koebd) ¹	3,811	3,918	4,030	4,047

¹ Gas converted to oil-equivalent at 6 million cubic feet = 1 thousand barrels.

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Exxon Mobil Corporation Third Quarter 2016

	<u>Third Q</u>	Third Quarter		<u>onths</u>
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Refinery throughput (kbd)				
United States	1,604	1,681	1,587	1,730
Canada	406	391	350	385
Europe	1,476	1,504	1,403	1,501
Asia Pacific	677	687	708	636
Other	202	194	187	192
Worldwide	4,365	4,457	4,235	4,444
Petroleum product sales (kbd)				
United States	2,327	2,509	2,258	2,556
Canada	511	501	489	493
Europe	1,553	1,549	1,514	1,547
Asia Pacific	721	781	749	741
Other	473	448	463	442
Worldwide	5,585	5,788	5,473	5,779
Gasolines, naphthas	2,298	2,382	2,258	2,374
Heating oils, kerosene, diesel	1,810	1,908	1,754	1,925
Aviation fuels	421	433	403	416
Heavy fuels	358	372	370	380
Specialty products	698	693	688	684
Worldwide	5,585	5,788	5,473	5,779
Chemical prime product sales,				
thousand metric tons (kt)				
United States	2,320	2,377	7,167	7,099
Non-U.S.	3,813	3,705	11,449	11,130
Worldwide	6,133	6,082	18,616	18,229

Exxon Mobil Corporation Third Quarter 2016 (millions of dollars)

(Third Q	<u>uarter</u>	Nine M	onths
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Capital and Exploration Expenditures				
Upstream				
United States	712	1,992	2,701	6,207
Non-U.S.	2,360	4,382	8,269	13,330
Total	3,072	6,374	10,970	19,537
Downstream				
United States	192	242	608	803
Non-U.S.	397	344	1,151	1,031
Total	589	586	1,759	1,834
Chemical				
United States	359	452	1,148	1,452
Non-U.S.	144	217	529	699
Total	503	669	1,677	2,151
Other	26	41	69	113
Worldwide	4,190	7,670	14,475	23,635
Exploration expenses charged to income included above				
Consolidated affiliates				
	35	45	178	122
United States Non-U.S.	291	278	946	881
	291	270	940	001
Equity companies - ExxonMobil share United States	_		_	3
Non-U.S.	-	- 2	- 1	33
Worldwide	332	325	1,125	1,039
wonuwide	JJZ	320	1,125	1,039

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Exxon Mobil Corporation Earnings

	<u>\$ Millions</u>	<u>\$ Per Common Share</u> 1
<u>2012</u> First Quarter	9,450	2.00
Second Quarter	15,910	3.41
Third Quarter	9,570	2.09
Fourth Quarter	9,950	2.20
Year	44,880	9.70
<u>2013</u>		
First Quarter	9,500	2.12
Second Quarter	6,860	1.55
Third Quarter	7,870	1.79
Fourth Quarter	8,350	1.91
Year	32,580	7.37
<u>2014</u>		
First Quarter	9,100	2.10
Second Quarter	8,780	2.05
Third Quarter	8,070	1.89
Fourth Quarter	6,570	1.56
Year	32,520	7.60
2015		
First Quarter	4,940	1.17
Second Quarter	4,190	1.00
Third Quarter	4,240	1.01
Fourth Quarter	2,780	0.67
Year	16,150	3.85
<u>2016</u>		
First Quarter	1,810	0.43
Second Quarter	1,700	0.41
Third Quarter	2,650	0.63

 1 Computed using the average number of shares outstanding during each period.

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3Q16 INVESTOR RELATIONS DATA SUMMARY (PAGE 1 of 4)

Earnings, \$M		3Q16	2Q16	1Q16	4Q15	3Q15
Upstream				()	()	
United States		(477)	(514)	(832)	(538)	(442
Non-U.S. Total		<u>1,097</u> 620	808 294	756 (76)	1,395 857	1,800 1,358
Downstream		020	294	(70)	007	1,556
United States		225	412	187	435	487
Non-U.S.		1,004	413	719	916	1,546
Total		1,229	825	906	1,351	2,033
Chemical		10.1	500	504	500	
United States Non-U.S.		434 737	509 708	581 774	520 443	526 701
Total		1,171	1,217	1,355	963	1,227
		,	,			,
Corporate and financing		(370)	(636)	(375)	(391)	(378)
Net income attributable to ExxonMobil (U.S. GAAP)		2,650	1,700	1,810	2,780	4,240
Earnings per common share (U.S. GAAP) Earnings per common share		0.63	0.41	0.43	0.67	1.01
- assuming dilution (U.S. GAAP)		0.63	0.41	0.43	0.67	1.01
Capital and Exploration Expenditures, \$M						
Upstream United States		712	914	1,075	1,615	1,992
Non-U.S.		2,360	3,005	2,904	4,255	4,382
Total		3,072	3,919	3,979	5,870	6,374
Downstream						
United States		192	227	189	236	242
Non-U.S. Total		<u> </u>	415 642	339 528	543 779	344 586
Chemical		569	042	520	119	560
United States		359	355	434	493	452
Non-U.S.		144	208	177	199	217
Total		503	563	611	692	669
Other		26	34	9	75	41
Total Capital and Exploration Expenditures		4,190	5,158	5,127	7,416	7,670
Exploration Expense Charged to Income, \$M						
Consolidated	- United States	35	35	108	60	45
	- Non-U.S.	291	409	246	459	278
Non-consolidated - ExxonMobil share	- United States - Non-U.S.	-	- 5	(10)	9 3	2
Exploration Expenses Charged to Income Included Above	- 1001-0.5.	332	449	344	531	325
Effective Income Tax Rate, %		20%	40%	19%	13%	32%
Common Shares Outstanding, millions						
At quarter end		4,147	4,147	4,147	4,156	4,163
Average - assuming dilution		4,178	4,178	4,178	4,183	4,190
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$B		5.1	4.4	4.8	3.7	4.3
Total Debt, \$B		46.2	44.5	43.1	38.7	34.3
Cash Flow from Operations and Asset Sales, \$B						
Net cash provided by operating activities		5.3	4.6	4.8	4.3	9.2
Proceeds associated with asset sales		1.0	1.0	0.2	0.8	0.5
Cash flow from operations and asset sales		6.3	5.6	5.0	5.1	9.7

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3Q16 INVESTOR RELATIONS DATA SUMMARY (PAGE 2 of 4)

Net production of crude oil, natural gas	3Q16	2Q16	1Q16	4Q15	3Q15
liquids, bitumen and synthetic oil, kbd					
United States	484	495	500	494	468
Canada / South America	437	359	476	452	425
Europe	189	201	218	222	197
Africa	388	494	565	543	531
Asia	651	724	726	722	651
Australia / Oceania	62	57	53	48	59
Total liquids production	2,211	2,330	2,538	2,481	2,331
Natural gas production available for sale, mcfd					
United States	3,058	3,097	3,160	3,123	3,094
Canada / South America	220	257	258	241	229
Europe	1,650	1,749	2,775	2,504	1,495
Africa	13	7	2	4	7
Asia	3,662	3,819	3,794	4,103	3,910
Australia / Oceania	998	833	735	628	789
Total natural gas production available for sale	9,601	9,762	10,724	10,603	9,524
Total worldwide liquids and gas production, koebd	3,811	3,957	4,325	4,248	3,918
Refinery throughput, kbd					
United States	1,604	1,555	1,602	1,649	1,681
Canada	406	246	398	390	391
Europe	1,476	1,462	1,269	1,483	1,504
Asia Pacific	677	718	729	679	687
Other Non-U.S.	202	171	187	194	194
Total refinery throughput	4,365	4,152	4,185	4,395	4,457
Petroleum product sales, kbd					
United States	2,327	2,228	2,218	2,416	2,509
Canada	511	479	476	472	501
Europe	1,553	1,561	1,429	1,530	1,549
Asia Pacific	721	760	766	758	781
Other Non-U.S.	473	472	445	503	448
Total petroleum product sales	5,585	5,500	5,334	5,679	5,788
Gasolines, naphthas	2,298	2,266	2,211	2,330	2,382
Heating oils, kerosene, diesel	1,810	1,752	1,699	1,921	1,908
Aviation fuels	421	386	402	403	433
Heavy fuels	358	367	386	368	372
Specialty products	698	729	636	657	693
Total petroleum product sales	5,585	5,500	5,334	5,679	5,788
Chemical prime product sales, kt					
United States	2,320	2,447	2,400	2,565	2,377
Non-U.S.	3,813	3,863	3,773	3,919	3,705
Total chemical prime product sales	6,133	6,310	6,173	6,484	6,082

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3Q16 INVESTOR RELATIONS DATA SUMMARY (PAGE 3 of 4)

Earnings Factor Analysis, \$M	3Q16 vs. 3Q15	3Q16 vs. 2Q16
Upstream		
Prior Period	1,358	294
Realization	-880	240
Volume / Mix	80	-40
Other	60	120
Current Period	620	620
Downstream		
Prior Period	2,033	825
Margin	-1,550	-330
Volume / Mix	170	240
Other	580	490
Current Period	1,229	1,229
Chemical		
Prior Period	1,227	1,217
Margin	-10	40
Volume / Mix	20	-40
Other	-70	-50
Current Period	1,171	1,171
Upstream Volume Factor Analysis, koebd		
Prior Period	3,918	3,957
Entitlements - Net Interest	12	-1
Entitlements - Price / Spend / Other	-41	-67
Quotas	-	-
Divestments	-32	-
Growth / Other	-46	-78
Current Period	3,811	3,811
Sources and Uses of Funds, \$B	3Q16	
Beginning Cash	4.4	
Earnings	2.7	
Depreciation	4.6	
Working Capital / Other	-2.0	
Proceeds Associated with Asset Sales	1.0	
PP&E Adds / Investments and Advances ¹	-4.2	
Shareholder Distributions	-3.1	
Debt / Other Financing	1.7	
Ending Cash	5.1	

¹ PP&E Adds / Investments and Advances includes PP&E adds of (\$3.4B) and net advances of (\$0.8B).

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3Q16 INVESTOR RELATIONS DATA SUMMARY (PAGE 4 of 4)

Average Realization Data	3Q16	2Q16	1Q16	4Q15	3Q15
United States					
ExxonMobil					
Crude (\$/b)	38.76	37.97	27.11	34.36	41.95
Natural Gas (\$/kcf)	2.65	1.74	1.60	1.80	2.40
Benchmarks					
WTI (\$/b)	44.88	45.48	33.27	42.10	46.37
ANS-WC (\$/b)	44.65	45.71	33.76	43.67	51.44
Henry Hub (\$/mbtu)	2.81	1.95	2.09	2.27	2.77
Non-U.S.					
ExxonMobil					
Crude (\$/b)	40.96	41.46	28.67	36.99	44.91
Natural Gas (\$/kcf)	4.47	4.06	4.80	5.80	6.29
European NG (\$/kcf)	4.48	4.35	5.05	6.11	6.67
Benchmarks					
Brent (\$/b)	45.85	45.57	33.89	43.69	50.26

The above numbers reflect ExxonMobil's current estimate of volumes and realizations given data available as of the end of the third quarter of 2016. Volumes and realizations may be adjusted when full statements on joint venture operations are received from outside operators. ExxonMobil management assumes no duty to update these estimates.